

# H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura

**Operating Manual** 

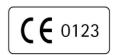
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# 1. SAFE HANDLING

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# 1.1 ABOUT THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

These instructions for use form an integral part of the H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura machine. They describe the appropriate and safe use of the H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura machine at all stages of operation.

	The H.E.L.P. Plasmat <sup>®</sup> Futura machine must always be
	used in accordance with the instructions for use.
•	Always keep the instructions for use at the H.E.L.P.
	Plasmat <sup>®</sup> Futura machine for later use.
	Pass on instructions for use to any future user of the
	H.E.L.P. Plasmat <sup>®</sup> Futura machine.

#### 1.1.1 Validity

Art.no.

These instructions for use apply to H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura machines with the article numbers (art. no.):

- 7062100
- 706210A (110 V/120 V)

Software version

These instructions for use apply to software version 2.6.

1.1.2 Target Group for the Instructions for Use

The target group for these instructions for use is specialist medical staff.

The H.E.L.P. apheresis should be applied and supervised only by physicians with sufficient experience in the execution of extracorporeal procedures for blood purification.

The H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura machine may only be used by persons instructed for its appropriate operation.

1.1.3 Warnings, Notices and Symbols in These Instructions for Use

Warnings in these instructions for use point out particular hazards for users, patients, third parties and the H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura machine. They also suggest measures that can be taken to avoid the respective hazard.

There are three levels of warning notices:



Warning term	Meaning
DANGER	Imminent danger that can lead to death or serious injury if not avoided
WARNING	Potentially imminent danger that can lead to death or serious injury if not avoided
CAUTION	Potentially imminent danger that can lead to minor injuries or damage to equipment if not avoided

The warning notices are highlighted in the following manner (see below example for a CAUTION warning):



i

Here the type and source of the danger are listed, and possible consequences if measures are not followed!

This is the list of measures to prevent the hazard.

This is the list of important information, directly or indirectly relating to safety and the prevention of damage

This is additional useful information concerning safe procedures, background information and recommendations.

> This symbol marks the instructions for action.

1.1.4 Abbreviations

BLD	Blood leak detector
BP	Blood pump
DAD	Dialysate air detector
DP	Dialysate pump
Н	Plate warmer
НАК	Heparin adsorber clamp
HP	Heparin pump
LC	Load cell
PA	Arterial pressure
PBE	Prefilter pressure
PBP	Plasma/buffer pump
PDF	Dialyser pressure
PDI	Dialysate inlet pressure
PDPA	Precipitate filter/adsorber pressure drop



- PPF Precipitate filter pressure
- PPL Plasma pressure
- PRP Reinfusion pump
- PV Venous pressure
- SAD Safety air detector
- SAK Safety air clamp
- TMP Transmembrane pressure

# 1.2 INTENDED USE AND INDICATIONS

The H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura machine can be used for implementing and monitoring extracorporeal treatments of plasma. The system can be used for patient treatment in a hospital and health center when prescribed by a physician.

H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura machine may only be used in combination with the H.E.L.P. apheresis treatment system from B. Braun Avitum AG.

The H.E.L.P. Futura apheresis system is indicated for use in performing low density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C) apheresis to acutely remove LDL-C from the plasma of the following high risk patient populations for whom diet has been ineffective and maximum drug therapy has either been ineffective or not tolerated:

Group A:

Functional Hypercholesterolemic Homozygotes with LDL-C > 500 mg/dl;

Group B:

Functional Hypercholesterolemic Heterozygotes with LDL-C  $\geq$  300 mg/dl; and

Group C:

Functional Hypercholesterolemic Heterozygotes with LDL-C $\geq$  200 mg/dl and document coronary heart disease (CHD).

Documented CHD is defined as having one or more of the following:

- a prior documented myocardial infarction (MI);
- a prior coronary artery bypass graft surgery (CABG);
- a prior percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA) with or without atherectomy or coronary artery stent placement; or
- significant angina pectoris with a positive thallium or other heart scanning stress test.



# 1.3 CONTRAINDICATIONS

The H.E.L.P. apheresis treatment must not be applied in the case of

- Hemorrhagic diathesis
- Ulcers in the gastrointestinal area
- Haemorrhage
- Coagulation disorder and neoplasm
- Liver diseases
- Severe heart failure and valvular defect
- Condition following apoplexia
- Dementia
- During pregnancy and lactation
- Children and infants in whose case the extracorporeal volume is a limiting factor.

The doctor in charge of the treatment is responsible for choosing the suitable therapy, based on medical and analytical findings and the general health and condition of the patient.

## 1.4 SIDE EFFECTS

Occasionally, the occurrence of angina pectoris has been observed.

In rare cases, there are

- Heart rhythm irregularities and laboured breathing caused by the underlying disease
- Bradycardia
- Vasovagal syncopes
- Circulatory collapse
- Hypotonia
- Nausea/sickness
- Dizziness
- Headache
- Tiredness/exhaustion
- Tension and swelling of arms, hands and face
- Burning eyes
- Prolonged bleeding time
- Dyspnea
- Hypertonia
- Feeling hot, sweating
- Hypersensitivity reactions against the hydrophilic components of the tubing and filter material are generally rare in extracorporeal treatment procedures.
- flushing
- discomfort in treatment extremity
- hypotension
- decrease in ferritin levels



In isolated cases there is

- Iron deficiency anaemia
- Hypertonia and oedema formation in the case of patients with renal function impairment

In rare instances benzyl alcohol can cause hypersensitivity reactions in patients.

# 1.5 SPECIAL HAZARDS AND PRECAUTIONS

1.5.1 Special Patient Conditions

A particularly careful benefit-risk evaluation must be carried out before the application of the H.E.L.P. apheresis in the case of patients suffering from C1 esterase inhibitor deficiency or hereditary C3 deficiency.

In the case of patients with low initial values of iron and fibrinogen, it is recommended that the subsequent course of the respective serum concentration be monitored.



Risk to patient due to thrombosis if the heparin is completely neutralised by protamin-chloride/ -sulphate.

These substances should only be administered to reverse the heparin effect in the case of life-threatening haemorrhaging.



Risk to patient due to the elimination of parallel medication to differing extents. This means that the level of active substances in a patient who is receiving H.E.L.P. treatment can be lowered up to 60 %.

If possible, any regularly prescribed medication should be taken after the H.E.L.P. treatment.

Please refer also to the product information provided with the consumables.

1.5.2. Electrical Hazards

The H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura machine contains lifethreatening high electrical voltages. Do not operate the machine and do not connect the machine to the power supply if the housing or the electrical cord is



damaged in any way. A damaged H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura machine must be submitted for repairs or disposed of.

# **1.6 INTERACTION WITH OTHER DEVICES**

It is recommend that the machine be connected to a dedicated circuit. When using the H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura machine in combination with other therapeutic devices, it is recommended to use a connection line for electrical ground, since the leakage currents from all connected devices are additive.

1.6.1 Electromagnetic Interaction

The H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura machine was developed and tested in accordance with the valid standards for interference suppression and EMC. It cannot, however, be guaranteed that no electromagnetic interaction with other devices will occur.

Examples: mobile phones, computer tomograph (CT)

It is recommended that the use of mobile phones and other devices emitting strong electromagnetic radiation be restriced to a minimum distance from the H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura machine (refer to table in Chapter 9).

Operation of other therapeutic or diagnostic medical devices in conjunction with the H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura machine, or use of non medical devices directly near the H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura machine, should be carefully monitored.

## 1.7 INFORMATION FOR THE OPERATOR

1.7.1 Training by Manufacturer Prior to Commissioning

The operator may only use the device after the manufacturer has trained the responsible staff based on these instructions for use.



#### 1.7.2 Requirements on the User

1	H.E.L.P. Plasmat <sup>®</sup> Futura machine may be operated
	only by skilled personnel who are duly trained and
•	instructed on its use according to the contents of this
	Operating Manual.

The operator must ensure that the instructions for use are read and understood by all operators of the H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura machine.

Prior to using the H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura machine, check its condition for safe functioning.

1.7.3 Conformity

The H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura machine complies with the current requirements of the following generally applicable standards:

ANSI/AAMI/IEC 60601-1:2001

Additional equipment connected to the analog or digital interfaces of the H.E.L.P. Plasmat® Futura machine must demonstrably meet the relevant IEC specifications (e.g. IEC 60950 for data processing devices and IEC 60601-1 for electromedical devices). Also, all configurations must conform with the current version of System Standard IEC 60601-1-1.

Connecting additional devices to the signal input or output components of the H.E.L.P. Plasmat® Futura machine constitutes a system configuration. And the user is responsible for ensure compliance with the current version of System Standard IEC 60601-1-1. In case of queries, please contact your local specialist dealer or technical service.

#### Europe

In Europe, the H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura is a class Ilb device complying with the essential requirements of EC-Directive 93/42/EEC for Medical Products which is indicated by the CE mark.





# 1.7.4 Manufacturer's Responsibility

The manufacturer, assembler, installer or implementer shall only be responsible for effects on the safety, reliability and performance of the device, if:

- the assembly, expansion, readjustments, changes or repairs were carried out by the manufacturer's, assembler's or installer's authorized representative.
- the area where the machine is installed complies with the current relevant national requirements on the equipment of medical treatment rooms: (i. e. VDE 0100 part 710 and/or IEC stipulations).

The device may only be operated:

- if the manufacturer or an authorized person, acting on behalf of the manufacturer has carried out a functional check on site (initial commissioning),
- if the persons appointed by the operator to use the device have been trained in the correct handling, use and operation of the medical product with the aid of the Instructions for use, enclosed information and maintenance information.

1.7.5 Technical Changes

B. Braun Avitum AG reserves the right to change the products in line with further technical developments.

## 1.8 DISPOSAL

H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura machines may be returned to the manufacturer for disposal in accordance with the applicable disposal guidelines.

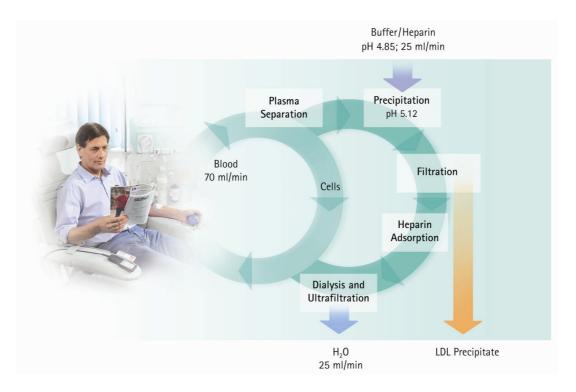


# 2. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

- 2.1 PRINCIPLE
- 2.2 FUNCTION
- 2.3 MACHINE
- 2.3.1 Front View
- 2.3.2 Upper Module
- 2.3.3 Central Module
- 2.3.4 Controls on the Central Module
- 2.3.5 Rear of the Machine
- 2.3.6 Symbols on the Machine
- 2.4 MONITOR
- 2.4.1 Monitor Controls
- 2.4.2 Monitor Layout and Functions
- 2.5 CONSUMABLES
- 2.5.1 Filters and Line Systems
- 2.5.2 Solutions

# 2.1 PRINCIPLE

H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura is a plasma therapy unit that, together with the H.E.L.P. apheresis treatment unit, performs H.E.L.P. apheresis therapy. H.E.L.P stands for <u>H</u>eparin-induced <u>Extracorporeal LDL</u> <u>Precipitation</u>.



The first step of the procedure is plasma separation. The cellular blood components are directly reinfused to the patient along with the treated plasma. The plasma is mixed with a heparinized acetate buffer at a ratio of 1:1. LDL, fibrinogen and Lp(a), together with the heparin, form a precipitate in the acid pH range that is filtered out in the subsequent step. Excessive heparin is removed from the treated plasma using a heparin adsorber. In the last step, the plasma is adjusted to its initial volume and initial physiological pH value using bicarbonate dialysis and then reinfused into the patient along with the cellular blood components.



# 2.2 FUNCTION

The blood pump (BP) delivers the blood from the patient's venous access to the plasma filter. The blood flow is controlled via an arterial pressure transducer (PA). The heparin pump (HP) controls the heparin output for anticoagulation in the arterial line. The blood inlet pressure into the plasma filter is monitored via the prefilter pressure (PBE) of the arterial air chamber.

Blood that is separated in the plasma filter is returned via the venous line to the venous air chamber where it is mixed with the treated plasma which flows back via the reinfusion line. The reinfusion volume is equivalent to the volume of the separated plasma. The venous air chamber monitors blood reinfusion via a venous pressure transducer (PV). The venous line is monitored by a safety air detector (SAD) and closed by a safety air clamp (SAK) as soon as air is detected in the system.

The separated plasma is monitored after the plasma filter by a blood leak detector (BLD). Plasma flow is regulated via measurement of plasma pressure (PPL).

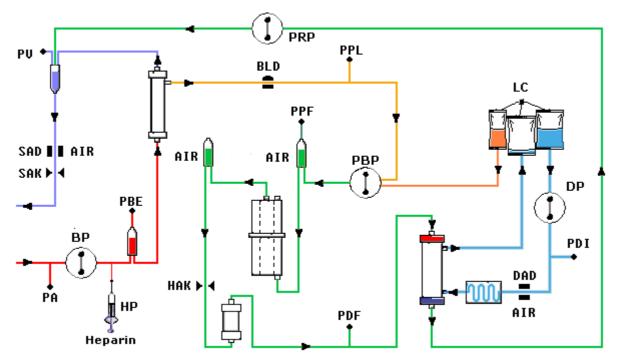
Plasma and heparinized acetate buffer are delivered via a plasma/buffer pump (PBP), in which a double pump segment is inserted, to the precipitate air chamber. Plasma and heparinized acetate buffer are mixed at a ratio of 1:1. The resulting precipitate is filtered in the subsequent precipitate filter. The precipitate filter pressure transducer (PPF) monitors the inlet pressure of the precipitate filter. The precipitate air chamber level valve and sensor control the fluid level in the precipitate air chamber.

The filtrate which is free from LDL is routed via the heparin adsorber air chamber to the heparin adsorber where the excessive heparin is removed. The heparin air chamber level valve and sensor control the fluid level in the heparin air chamber. The automatic clamp (HAK) in front of the heparin adsorber closes in case of a bypass during therapy.

In the dialyzer, the plasma is dialyzed with a sterile bicarbonate solution at a ratio of at least 1:4. The physiological pH-value of the plasma is restored and the induced volume removed by dialysis and ultrafiltration. The dialyzer pressure (PDF) monitors the inlet pressure of the dialyzer. The ultrafiltration rate, bicarbonate dialysate and buffer solution are balanced by the load cell (LC).

Dialysate is delivered via the dialysate pump (DP). The solution is heated in a plate warmer before flowing through the dialyzer. The dialysate air detector (DAD) detects air in the dialysate line. The pressure on the dialysate side is monitored via the inlet pressure of the dialysate (PDI).

After dialysis, plasma is delivered via the reinfusion pump (PRP) to the venous air chamber and together with the blood from the plasma separation is reinfused to the patient via the venous line.



After the dialysis, the plasma is delivered via the reinfusion pump (PRP) to the venous air chamber and together with the blood from the plasma separation reinfused to the patient via the venous line.

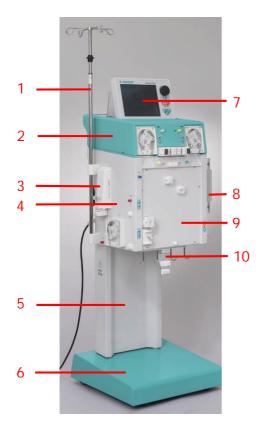
Pumps

	Blood pump Heparin pump
PRP	Plasma/buffer pump Reinfusion pump Dialysate pump

Sensors

Actuators

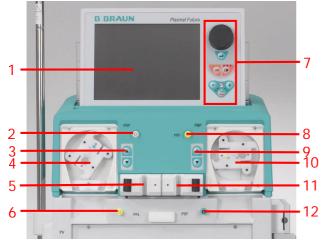
PA PBE	Arterial pressure Prefilter pressure	sak Hak	Safety air clamp Heparin
DV	Vanaus prassura		adsorber clamp
	•		
PPL	Plasma pressure		
PPF	Precipitate filter pressure		
PDF	Dialyzer pressure		
PDI	Dialysate inlet pressure		
SAD	Safety air detector		
BLD	Blood leak detector		
DAD	Dialysate air detector		
LC	Load cell		
	PBE PV PPL PDF PDF PDI SAD BLD DAD	PBEPrefilter pressurePVVenous pressurePPLPlasma pressurePPFPrecipitate filter pressurePDFDialyzer pressurePDIDialysate inlet pressureSADSafety air detectorBLDBlood leak detectorDADDialysate air detector	PBEPrefilter pressureHAKPVVenous pressureImage: SurePPLPlasma pressureImage: SurePDFPrecipitate filter pressureImage: SurePDIDialyzer pressureImage: SureSADSafety air detectorImage: SureBLDBlood leak detectorImage: SureDADDialysate air detectorImage: Sure



# 2.3 MACHINE

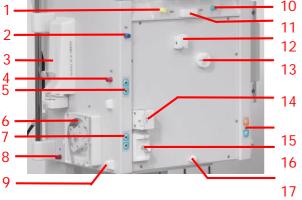
# 2.3.1 Front View

- 1. IV-pole (height-adjustable)
- 2. Upper module
- 3. Heparin syringe pump
- 4. Central module
- 5. Base column
- 6. Base with brake
- 7. LCD graphic monitor
- 8. Plate warmer
- 9. Front panel with attachment for the H.E.L.P. Futura kit
- 10. Bag holder/load cell



# 2.3.2 Upper Module

- 1. LCD graphic color monitor
- 2. Connection to valve for automatic level setting in the heparin adsorber air chamber (HCLD)
- 3. Manual control for level setting in the heparin adsorber air chamber (HCLD)
- 4. Reinfusion pump (PRP)
- 5. Holder for heparin adsorber air chamber (HCLD) with sensor for level monitoring
- 6. Plasma pressure (PPL) transducer
- 7. Monitor controls (see 2.2.1)
- 8. Precipitate filter pressure (PPF) transducer
- 9. Manual control for level setting of precipitate filter air chamber (PCLD)
- 10. Plasma/buffer pump (PBP)
- 11. Holder for precipitate filter air chamber (PCLD) with sensor for level monitoring
- 12. Dialyzer pressure (PDF) transducer



# 



# 2.3.3 Central Module

- 1. Plasma pressure (PPL) transducer
- 2. Venous pressure (PV) transducer
- 3. Heparin syringe pump (calibrated for 30 ml Omnifix<sup>®</sup>)
- 4. Prefilter pressure (PBE) transducer
- 5. Manual level regulator for venous air chamber
- 6. Blood pump
- 7. Manual level regulator for arterial air chamber
- 8. Arterial pressure (PA) transducer
- 9. Holder for arterial chamber
- 10. Dialyzer filter pressure (PDF) transducer
- 11. Upper holder for H.E.L.P. Futura kit
- 12. Blood leak detector (BLD)
- 13. Heparin adsorber clamp (HAK)
- 14. Venous safety air detector (SAD)
- 15. Brake pushbuttons for releasing/applying the brake
- 16. Safety air clamp (SAK)
- 17. Lower holder for H.E.L.P. Futura kit
- 1. Plate warmer
- 2. Dialysate pump (DP)
- 3. Brake pushbuttons (apply/release)
- 4. Dialysate inlet (PDI) pressure transducer
- 5. Dialysate (DAD) air detector

# 2.3.4 Controls on the Central Module

The level adjustment in the respective chamber is performed with the directly adjacent level adjustment buttons. The  $\blacktriangle$  button raises the level in the chamber, the  $\checkmark$  button lowers the level.

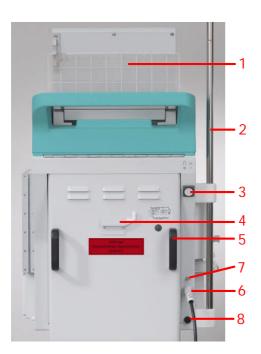




If the machine is switched on, with the red brake locking button, the brake can be applied. The brake can then be released with the green brake release button.

# 2.3.5 Rear of the Machine

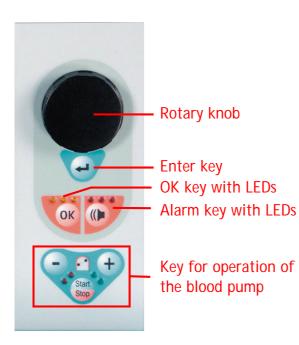
- 1. Monitor support
- 2. IV-pole
- 3. On/Off switch
- 4. Handcrank for pumps
- 5. Handles
- 6. Mains connection
- 7. Connection for potential equalization
- 8. Trend Viewer connector (optional)



	5
$\bigwedge$	Observe Instructions for use Observe safety information
*	Application device type B Classification acc. to IEC 60601-1
$\bigtriangledown$	Electrical ground
_ <b>o</b> _	H.E.L.P. Plasmat <sup>®</sup> Futura OFF
	H.E.L.P. Plasmat <sup>®</sup> Futura ON
2	Alternating current
	Schematic illustration on safety air detector (SAD) showing the correct way of installing the tube
$\diamondsuit$	Trend Viewer connector (optional)

2.3.6 Symbols on the Machine





# 2.4 MONITOR

## 2.4.1 Monitor Controls

The rotary knob moves the cursor on the screen. Display in lines:

Clockwise rotation - the cursor moves from left to right

Counterclockwise rotation - the cursor moves from right to left

Display in columns:

Clockwise rotation - the cursor moves from top to bottom

Counterclockwise rotation - the cursor moves from bottom to top

The set parameters are accepted by pressing the



The key confirms important actions, such as

- Phase change (e.g. change from the priming/rinsing phase to the therapy phase).
- Quitting the <Parameter Setting> menu.
- Acknowledging messages that require immediate action (e.g. prompt for turning over the dialyzer during the priming and rinsing phase).

When this key is active, the yellow LEDs above it light. These LEDs blink during adjustment of parameters with relevance to patient safety.

When an acoustic alarm occurs, switch off the alarm

with the Wey. After elimination of the cause of

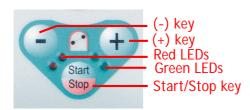
the alarm, acknowledge the alarm with the key and continue with the respective phase. When this key is active, the red LEDs above it light.

Alarms initiated by opening a pump cover are reset by closing the pump cover.

Keys for operating the blood pump

The key and the key lower or raise the delivery rate of the blood pump.

If the blood pump stops during an alarm, the red LEDs light. If the blood pump runs, the green LEDs light. If both LEDs blink alternately, the blood pump



i

15:30 THERAPY **à à à à à à** Stand- by 1 2 ø \$ 0 ml/min 0 rol(roir Actual Rest 0-OE 0.0 ml/h 💧 1.0 ml 00:00 00:00 hhar PA Internetion 3 0 3000 m -150 200 TUF 0 0 g 250 -20 PU 0 mmHg End of Flow Additional<sup>\*</sup> Param Start Δ

THERAPY

4

LUF

Star

THERAPY

PA

PBE

ΡV

PPL

тмр

PPF

Stand- by

Rest

00:00 hh:m

3000 🖬

0 9

Additi

Stand- by

MIN MAX

-50 450

-50 450

-100 450

20 mmHg

Additional<sup>\*</sup> Functions

4

mmHg -100

-150 200

250

250

mmHg -100 200

100

450

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0 ml/mir

Actual

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00:00

15:30

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Paran Sett

0 mmHg 250

Flow Scheme

15:30

00:00 hhim

0 ml

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0 ml/min 4

0 ml/min <

0 ml/min

g

**0** ml/mir

0.0 ml/h

**à à à à** 

🕒 0 min

-150

۵ ۵

Therapy Time

Plasma Volum

Patient Balance

Blood Flow

Plasma Flow

Return Flow

4

PB

-20 PU ۵

has stopped and must be started manually with the

stopped with this key.

# 2.4.2 Monitor Layout and Functions

- 1 Status bar: The status bar indicates the activity of the blood pump, the current time and date, therapy phase (priming, therapy, reinfusion) and current status of the phase (stand by, running).
- 2 Alarm/Note line: This area of the monitor displays alarm texts and warning messages.
- 3 Display area: This area displays all parameters which are relevant in the current phase.
- 4 Menu bar: The menu bar displays the different menu items that can be selected depending on the treatment phase. Functions are selected with

the rotary knob and activated with the

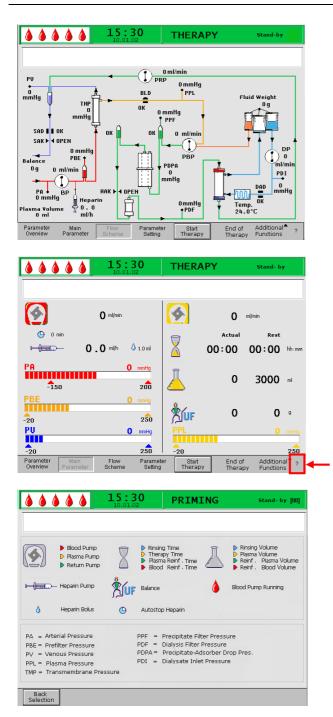
key.

Three display variants can be selected for the display area.

• Main Parameter

• Parameter Overview





Flow Scheme

The Help screen can be selected from any screen with the ? key.

The symbols and abbreviations used for the different pressures in the display areas are explained on the Help screen.

To return to the previous screen select <Back Selection> or the screen returns automatically after 30 seconds.





• H.E.L.P. heparin adsorber

Haemoselect<sup>®</sup> L 0.5 plasma filter



# 2.5 CONSUMABLES

The treatment unit for the H.E.L.P. Plasmat® Futura comprises the following:

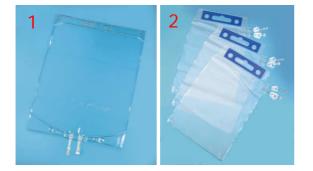
# 2.5.1 H.E.L.P. Futura Set

The H.E.L.P. Futura set includes all line systems and filters required for performing H.E.L.P. treatment:

- H.E.L.P. Futura kit with
  - H.E.L.P. precipitate filter -
  - -H.E.L.P. ultrafilter SMC 1,8







Arterial line ٠

Dialysate line

- 1 x 5 I empty bag for rinse solution (1)
  3 x 7 I drain bags (2)



# 2.5.2 Solutions

The H.E.L.P. treatment unit includes, in addition to the H.E.L.P. Futura set, all solutions required for performance of a treatment:

• 2 x 3000 ml H.E.L.P. 0.9 % NaCl sodium chloride solution

• 1 x 3000 ml H.E.L.P sodium acetate buffer

- 1 x 30 ml H.E.L.P. heparin sodium (300,000 IU)
- 3 x 5000 ml H.E.L.P. BicEl bicarbonate solution in the double-chamber bag





 1 x 2000 ml H.E.L.P. 0.9% NaCl sodium chloride solution in the double-chamber bag (500 ml/1500 ml) for reinfusion





• 1 x 1500 ml and 1 x 500 ml H.E.L.P. 0.9% NaCl sodium chloride solution non PVC for reinfusion

# 3. PREPARATION

- 3.1 SWITCHING ON AND SELF-TEST
- 3.2 PREPARING THE SOLUTIONS
- 3.3 SETTING UP THE BAGS
- 3.4 SETTING UP THE H.E.L.P. FUTURA SET

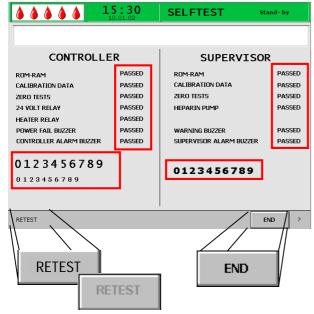




# 3.1 SWITCHING ON AND SELF-TEST

Switching on

Switch on the H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura with the On/Off switch on the rear of the machine. Make sure that the machine brake is locked during the treatment.



Hardware Self-Tests

After the machine has been switched on, the system performs a series of hardware self-tests. The screen shows the controller tests on the left side and the supervisor tests on the right side.

The <Retest> menu item blinks during the self-test.

Positive self-test:

- All tested positions are marked with "PASSED".
- All three rows of numbers are completely presented in the correct sequence (0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9) completely and in the three fonts that can be displayed by the machine.

After a positive self-test, the <End> menu item is

automatically activated. Confirm with the 🗲 key to change to the Start screen

Negative self-test:

- The affected positions are marked "Failed" and/or
- The rows of numbers are not in the correct sequence or incomplete.

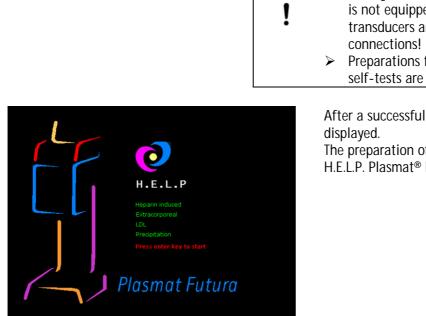
The <Retest> function is automatically selected in this case. Confirm with the



key to start the retest.

See Annex 4 for detailed information concerning the self-tests.

The different acoustic signals of the machine are also tested during the self-test. Please make sure the acoustic signals are audible. Make sure that all LEDs are blinking.



- During the self-test, make sure that the load cell is not equipped with solutions and the pressure transducers are not screwed to the respective connections!
  - Preparations for therapy may start only when all self-tests are performed successfully.

After a successful self-test, the Start screen is displayed.

The preparation of solutions can now begin and the H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura set up for operation.







# 3.2 PREPARING THE SOLUTIONS

H.E.L.P. 0.9% Nacl, physiological saline solution

- Remove the outer packaging of the saline bag.
- Fill a syringe with 1.5 ml heparin (5.000 IU / ml).
- Remove the cannula from the syringe.
- Remove the screw cap from one of the Luer-lock connectors of the bag and insert the syringe.
- Break the seal of the bag.
- Inject the 1.5 ml heparin into the saline bag.
- Carefully mix the heparin with the saline solution.
- Prepare the second bag in the same manner.

#### Bicarbonate Solution H.E.L.P. BicEL

- Remove the outer packing from the bag.
- Place the bag on a firm base and press the smaller chamber of the bag with both hands until the seal seam between the two chambers is opened over its full length.
- Move the bag several times to and fro so that the two solutions are well mixed.
- Prepare the other bag accordingly.



Acetate Buffer Solution

- Remove the outer packaging of the acetate buffer bag.
- Fill a syringe with 30 ml H.E.L.P. heparin sodium solution for extracorporeal application.
- Remove the cannula from the syringe.
- Remove a Luer-lock connector from the acetate buffer bag and insert the syringe.
- Break the seal.
- Inject the 30 ml H.E.L.P. heparin sodium solution into the acetate bag
- Carefully mix the H.E.L.P. heparin sodium solution with the acetate buffer.



# 3.3 SETTING UP THE BAGS

Physiological Saline Solution Bag/Empty Bag Hang the following on the IV-pole of the machine:

- One 5L-empty bag with the connectors upturned.
- One prepared bag with physiological saline solution.
- One double-chamber bag with the physiological saline solution for reinfusion.



Physiological Saline Solution/Dialysate/Drain Bag On the load cell hang:

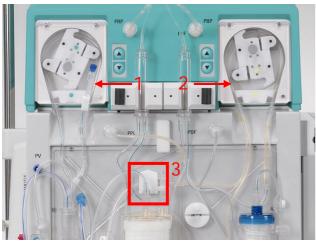
- One second prepared bag with physiological saline solution.
- Three prepared bags with dialysate.
- Three drain bags with the large clamps closed.

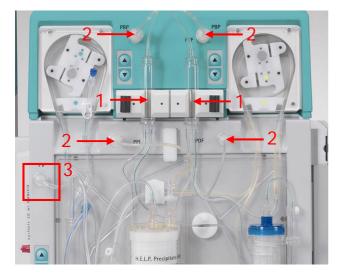




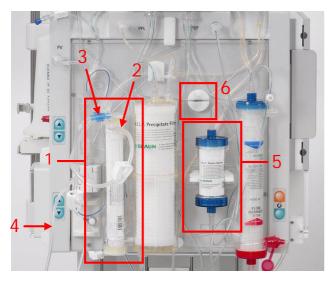
# 3.4 SETTING UP THE H.E.L.P. FUTURA SET

- Place the plastic plate of the H.E.L.P. Futura kit on to the lower support on the machine. Press the plate against the front of the machine.
- (2) Secure the plate with the upper rotary attachment knob (2).

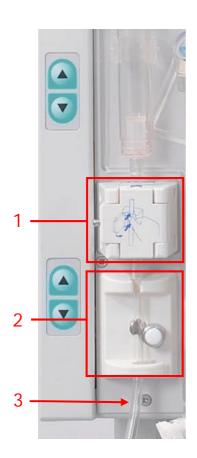


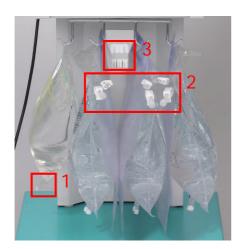


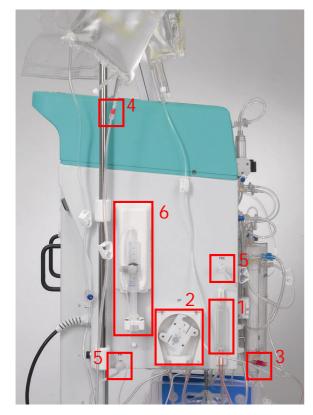
- (1) Place the pump segment of the reinfusion line into the reinfusion pump (marked green).
- (2) Place the pump segments of the plasma/buffer line successively into the plasma/buffer pump (marked brown and yellow).
- (3) Place the plasma line coming from the plasma filter into the blood leak detector BLD.
- (4) Check whether the pump segments are inserted in the correct orientation.
- (1) Place the two air chambers into the holders as shown. Lock them in place in the holder by turning the black lock.
- (2) Screw on the four pressure transducers as shown.
- (3) Place the venous air chamber into the holder provided and screw on the venous pressure transducer as shown.



- (1) Mount the plasma filter in its holder.
- (2) Connect the plasma line including the reinfusion line to the top right of the plasmafilter.
- (3) Connect the venous line to the top left of the plasma filter.
- (4) Connect the reinfusion line to the 1500 ml compartment of the double chamber bag with the saline solution. Break the seal and fill the line manually until the saline solution reaches the plasma line. Then close the clamp at the reinfusion line.
- (5) Mount the heparin adsorber in its holder and connect the inlet line and outlet line.
- (6) Place the feeder line to the heparin adsorber into the automatic clamp HAK. Make sure that the line is correctly inserted in the clamp.
- (1) Place the venous line into the safety air detector SAD.
- (2) and into the safety air clamp SAK.
- (3) Connect the venous line to the 5L-empty bag which is hanging on the IV-pole.





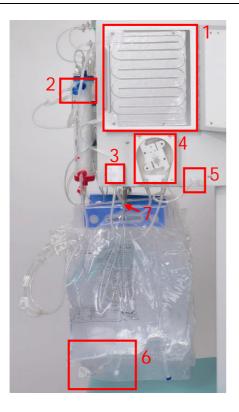


- (1) Connect the buffer line to the prepared saline bag on the load cell.
- (2) Connect the ultrafiltrate lines to the three drain bags.
- (3) Insert the buffer line into the holder provided on the load cell.

Setting Up the Arterial Line

- (1) Place the arterial air chamber into the holder.
- (2) Place the pump segment of the arterial line into the blood pump.
- (3) Connect the arterial feeder line to the inlet of the plasma filter.
- (4) Connect the arterial line to the prepared saline bag which is hanging on the IV-pole.
- (5) Screw on the two pressure transducers as shown in the Figure.
- (6) Fill a syringe (30 ml Omnifix<sup>®</sup> Perfusor syringe) with heparin saline mixture and connect it with the heparin line. Vent the heparin line manually up to the T-piece. Make sure that no air bubbles are left in the line. Mount the syringe on the holder of the heparin pump. <u>Recommendation</u>: 16 ml 0.9% NaCl + 4 ml heparin (5000 IU/ml) corresponding to a concentration of 1000 IU heparin/ml





Setting Up the Dialysate Line

- (1) Insert the heating bag into the plate warmer.
- (2) Connect the blue inflow line to the dialyzer. Make sure that the Hansen connector is firmly seated.

<u>Note</u>: Connect red with red and blue with blue!(3) Place the blue inflow line into the dialysate air

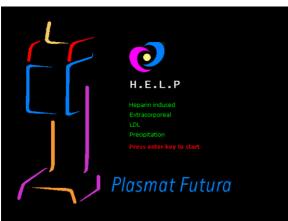
- detector (DAD).
- (4) Insert the pump segment of the dialysate line into the dialysate pump.
- (5) Screw on the pressure transducer.
- (6) Connect the prepared dialysate bag to the distributor of the dialysate line and break the seal.
- (7) Insert the dialysate inlet line into the provided holder of the load cell.



## 4. PRIMING

- 4.1 AUTOMATIC PRIMING AND RINSING
- 4.2 PARAMETER SETTING
- 4.2.1 Parameter Setting in the <Main Parameter> Screen
- 4.2.2 Parameter Setting in the <Parameter Overview> Screen
- 4.2.3 Parameter Setting in the <Flow Scheme> Screen
- 4.2.4 Additional Functions





### On the Start screen, the following message is

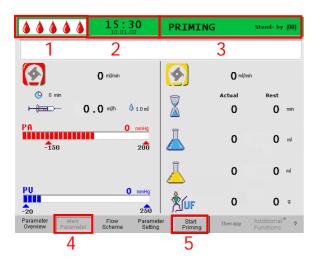
# displayed blinking and in red:

### Press enter key to start!

If the machine has been prepared as described in the

previous chapter, press the key to begin priming and rinsing the system.

4.1 AUTOMATIC PRIMING AND RINSING



### Status bar

- Display of blood pump activity Blood pump stands still: One still, four blinking drops Blood pump runs: Increasing and decreasing number of drops.
- (2) Current time and date
- (3) Current phase (<Priming>) and step in the priming phase (<Stand-by [00]>)

### Menu bar

- (4) The Main Parameter screen is displayed by default. The active screen display is indicated by the display of the recessed <Main Parameter> menu item in the menu bar.
- (5) In the menu bar, the cursor is already positioned on <Start Priming>. The label changes between black and gray (blinking). This shows that an input is expected from the user.



<b>15:30</b>	PRIMING		Stand- by [00]
0 mi/min		<b>0</b> ml/mi	n
🕒 0 min		Actual	Rest
● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ●	$\square$	0	0 min
PA 0 mmHg -150 200	Ā	0	O mi
	Ā	0	O mi
PU 0 mmHg -20 250	Åuf	0	0 0
Parameter Main Flow Paramete Overview Parameter Scheme Setting		Therapy	Additional <b>?</b> Functions

### Display area



Heparin flow in ml/h

Blood flow in ml/min

- Heparin bolus in ml
- Autostop heparin in min



Plasma flow in ml/min



Rinsing time [Actual/Rest] in min



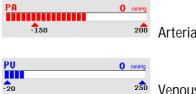
Rinsing volume [Actual/Rest] in ml



Plasma volume [Actual/Rest] in ml



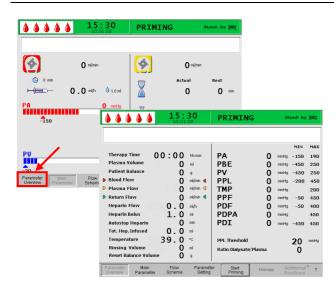
Balance in g

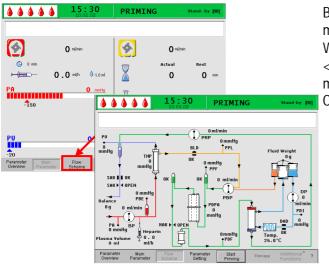


Arterial pressure in mmHg

250 Venous pressure in mmHg







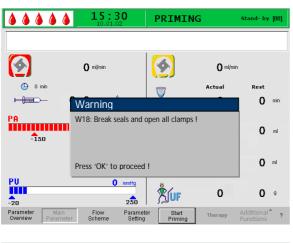
When <Parameter Overview> is selected in the menu bar, the screen display changes to Parameter Overview.

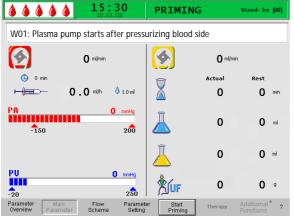
By selecting the <Flow Scheme> menu item in the menu bar, the display changes to the Flow Scheme. When in the <Flow Scheme> screen and the <Parameter Setting> menu item is selected in the menu bar, the screen changes to the Parameter Overview.

Final System Check

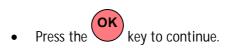
- Ensure that all connections between the line system and the filters have been made.
- Tighten all screw locks as well as the Hansen connectors again.
- Make sure that the lines are not kinked.
- Make sure that the electrolyte solution is mixed with the bicarbonate solution and the sealing seam is completely open.
- Make sure that the break seals of the saline bags on the IV-pole and the load cell are open.
- Make sure that the break seals of the dialysis fluid bags are open.
- Ensure that the clamps at the unused ports of the empty bags are closed.







The prompt <W18: Break seals and open all clamps!> appears in the Warning window.



• The <Start Priming> command in the menu bar blinks (the label changes between black and gray). This shows that an input is expected from the user.

After starting priming by selecting <Start Priming>, the message <W01: Plasma pump starts after pressurizing blood side> is displayed in the message line.

### Automatic Filling of Blood Side

During automatic filling, the arterial line, the plasma filter and the venous line are rinsed and filled by default with 600 ml saline solution.

• Start filling the arterial line by pressing the



### Step 1/2

The arterial line, the plasma filter and the venous line are filling. The preset blood flow rate is 150 ml/min.

### Step 3

The safety air clamp (SAK) opens and then closes again and the level of the arterial chamber is set accordingly. This vents the plasma filter.



### Step 4

The plasma/buffer pump starts and the precipitate filter is filled. This step is completed when the level monitoring of the precipitate filter air chamber (PCLD) detects fluid and the balance test 1 has been completed.

### Step 5

Filling the heparin adsorber air chamber (HCLD)

### Step 6

Leakage test of the heparin adsorber clamp

### Step 7

The heparin adsorber clamp (HAK) opens. The level detection in the heparin adsorber air chamber and the venting of the connection line to the heparin adsorber are performed. This step includes the filling of the dialyzer on the plasma side.

### Step 8

The Warning window prompts with<W04: Turn dialyzer (blue side down) !>.

Turn the dialyzer by  $180^{\circ}$ , with the blue side pointing downward.



### Step 9

The dialysate side filling of the dialyzer is performed during this step.

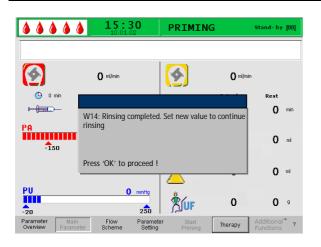
The balance test 2, the DAD test, the heating test, the venous pressure test as well as the reinfusion pump test are performed in this step.

Step 10

The setting of the level of the venous air chamber is performed.

	<b>15:30</b>	PRIMING		Stand- by [00]
<b></b>	<b>O</b> ml/min	<b></b>	<b>0</b> mi/i	nin
🕒 0 min	Warning			Rest
	W04: Turn dialyzer (blue	side down) !		12 min
PA -150				<b>1400</b> m
	Press 'OK' to proceed !			
			0	O mi
PU -20	0 mmHg 250	ŜUF	0	0 •
Parameter Ma Overview Parar			Therapy	Additional <sup>*</sup> ? Functions







### Step 11

This step is completed when the minimum rinsing volume of 2400 ml is reached. The following message is displayed in the Warning window: <W14: Rinsing completed. Set new value to continue rinsing Continue with 'OK!>

- Press the key to confirm the reaching of the minimum rinsing volume.
- If the minimum rinsing volume is sufficient, you can now start with the therapy.

### Step 12 Optional rinsing

This step allows rinsing of the system beyond the minimum rinsing volume.

If you wish to increase the rinsing volume:

- Select the <Parameter Setting> command in the menu bar.
- Select the <Rinsing volume> parameter and change this parameter. The rinsing volume can be set to a value of up to 20 l.
- Then select the <Start Priming> command in the menu bar. When the rinsing volume has been reached, all pumps stop automatically.

For more details on increasing the rinsing volume, see also the Chapters 4.2.1 and 4.2.2.

When increasing the rinsing volume over 2400 ml, make sure that sufficient saline solution is available. If required, change the bags on the load cell and on the IV-pole.



!

Additional Manual Rinsing of Blood Side

If you wish to increase the rinsing volume in the blood circuit:

• Start the blood pump with the 💛 k

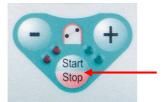


When you have sufficiently rinsed the blood

side, press again the key to finish rinsing.



When increasing the rinsing volume, make sure that sufficient saline solution is available. If required, change the bags on the IV-pole.



Status 2005-12-16



#### 15:30 PRIMING Stand- by [00] ٥ 6 0 ml/min 6 0 ml/min Actual Rest 💧 1.0 ml 0.0 ml/h 0 **0** min 0 mmHg PA 0 **0** ml 200 -150 0 0 ml PU 0 m 0 0 0 XUF 2 Parameter Overview Flow Paramete Setting

W16: Press 'OK' to return to menu selection	Setting           Plasma flow           1           %           10:40]
( m/min	<b>20</b> %
© 0 min	Actual Rest
PA 0 mmHg -150 200	<b>2400 0</b> ml
	<b>3000 0</b> ml
PU 0 mmHg -20 250	گرµ <b>F 0 0</b> ∘
Parameter Main Flow Parameter Overview Parameter Scheme Setting	er Start Therapy Additional <sup>®</sup> ? Priming Functions

### 4.2 PARAMETER SETTING

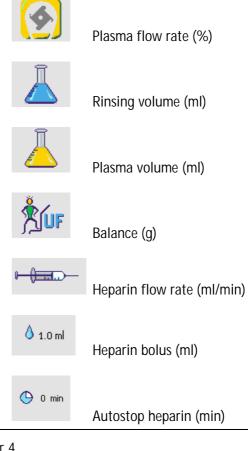
4.2.1 Parameter Setting in the <Main Parameter> Screen

To set the parameters, select the <Parameter Setting> menu item with the cursor in the <Main

Parameter > screen and activate it with the  $\checkmark$  key.

All parameters which can be changed are displayed in red. The currently selected parameter has a gray background. The range which can be selected is displayed in the Setting window. Using the rotary knob, you can select the individual parameters.

The following parameters can be set in the priming and rinsing phase:





<b>15:30</b> 10.01.02	Setting Plasma flow	
W16: Press 'OK' to return to menu selection	! % 20 [ 10 : 40	]
<b>0</b> m/min	<b>20</b> %	
🕒 0 min	🗑 Actual Rest	
← (=====> 2.0 ml/h 0 1.0 ml	Δ 0 0	min
PA 0 mmHg -150 200	<u>2400</u> 0	ml
	<u>3000</u> 0	ml
PU 0 mmHg -20 250	<mark>گرانہ 0</mark> 0	g
Parameter Main Flow Parameter Overview Parameter Scheme Setting	r Start Therapy Additional Priming Functions	<b>^</b> ?

Press the key to select the parameter to be changed. The field is shown with a red background and white labeling. Perform the desired change using

the rotary knob and confirm it with the  $\checkmark$  key. The changing of the following parameters must be

confirmed with the key since they are relevant to patient safety:

- Plasma flow rate
- Plasma volume
- Balance
- Heparin bolus
- Heparin flow rate

If a parameter is relevant to patient safety. the currently set value is shown in the Setting window above the setting range. In addition, the LEDs above

the key blink.

To quit the screen for setting the parameters, press

the key. The cursor changes back to the menu bar of the Main Parameter screen and the menu item <Start Priming>.

If you do not perform any settings for more than 15 seconds, the screen automatically changes back to the previously selected screen.

The following parameters can be set in the priming and rinsing phase:

Plasma flow

Default setting:20 % of blood flowRange:10 ÷ 40 % of blood flowStep size:1 % of blood flow

i

The plasma flow is limited to a maximum of 40 % of the blood flow, and 50 ml/min. If the blood flow is changed manually, the plasma flow is automatically changed according to the set

flow is automatically changed according to the set ratio. The plasma flow is set in % of blood flow, and is

displayed in ml/min.



	5	e can be increased beyond the ng volume of 2400 ml. 2400 ml 2400 ÷ 20000 ml 100 ml
	Plasma volume Default setting: Range: Step size:	3000 ml 100 ÷ 6000 ml 50 ml
!		> 3000 ml, it must be taken acetate buffer bag and the changed.
	Balance Default setting: Range: Step size:	0 g -600 ÷ 0 g 50 g
!	dialysis. This option pro additionally removing solution or to balance solution required for b balance, it must be obs hematocrit value of the	ation within the context of a ovides the possibility of the existing physiological saline the physiological saline lood reinfusion. When setting a served that this changes the e blood and could make the ometimes more difficult.
CAUTION	cases.	ue to hypotension in rare py as prescribed by the cian.
	Heparin bolus Default setting: Range: Step size:	1 ml 0 ÷ 10 ml 0.5 ml
	Heparin flow Default setting: Range: Step size:	2 ml/h 0 ÷ 10 ml/h 0.5 ml/h
CAUTION	heparinisation. ➤ Use only 30 ml 0 from B. Braun Me the heparin syring	o insufficient or too high mnifix® Luer Lock syringes elsungen AG. Calibration of ge pump is ensured only with x® Luer Lock syringe.



Autostop Heparin Default setting:

i

Derault setting.	
Range:	
Step size:	

0 min 0 ÷ 60 min 5 min

Autostop heparin indicates how long before the end of the therapy the heparin administration is stopped. If the therapy time is increased after the heparin pump is switched off, the heparin pump starts again automatically.



	:30 PRIM	ING	Stand- by [00]			
( 0 m/min		<b>O</b> milmin				
• 0 min • (====-• 0.0 m/h	å 1.0 ml	Actual O	Rest O min			
PA -150		0	<b>O</b> mi			
	<b>à à à à à</b>	15:30 10.01.02	PRIMING		Stand- by	[00]
D	Therapy Time OO Plasma Volume Patient Balance Blood Flow Plasma Flow Return Flow	0 : 0 0 hhrmm 0 ml 0 g 0 ml/min 4 0 ml/min 4 0 ml/min 4	PA PBE PV PPL TMP PPF PDF	-	ia -200 Ig	MAX 190 250 250 450 200 450 450

		<b>5 :</b>		PRIMING	i	St	and- by	1001
							MIN	MAX
Therapy Time	00:0	ነስ	bh:mm	PA	0	mmiria	- 150	MAX 190
Plasma Volume	00.0	ň	ml	PBE	ŏ	-	-450	250
Patient Balance		ŏ	q	PV	ŏ		-450	250
Blood Flow		ŏ	ml/min ┥	PPL	ŏ	mmHg	-200	450
> Plasma Flow		ŏ	ml/min 🦪	TMP	ŏ	mmHg		200
Return Flow		Ō	ml/min ٵ	PPF	ō	mmHg	-50	450
Heparin Flow	0.	0	ml/h	PDF	ō	mmHg	-50	400
Heparin Bolus	1.	0	ml	PDPA	Ō	mmHg		450
Autostop Heparin		0	min	PDI	0	mmHg	-450	450
Tot. Hep. Infused	0.	0	ml					
Temperature	39.	0	∘⊂	PPL Threshold			20	mmHg
<b>Rinsing Volume</b>		0	ml	Ratio Dialysate/	Plasma		ō	
Reset Balance Volu	ime	0	g 🖌					
Parameter Main Overview Paramet	Flo er Sche		Paramete Setting	r Start Priming	Therapy		ditional nctions	^ ?

4.2.2 Parameter Setting in the <Parameter Overview> Screen

Using the rotary knob and the key, change to the <Parameter Overview> screen.

To set the parameters, select the <Parameter Setting> menu item with the cursor in the <Parameter Overview> screen and activate it with



For a better overview, blood flow (red), plasma flow (yellow) and reinfusion flow (green) are marked with colored arrows in the Parameter Overview.



W16: Press 'OK' to r	1.5:30 10.01.02 eturn to menu sel	Plasma flow		[ 10	20 ):40	
Therapy Time Plasma Volume Patient Balance Destination Plasma Flow Return Flow Heparin Bolus Autostop Heparin Tot. Hep. Infused Temperature Rinsing Volume Reset Balance Volu	20 % 0 ml/m 2.0 ml/h 1.0 ml 0 nin 0.0 ml 39.0 ≪ 2400 ml	PBE PV PPL TMP	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	mmHg mmHg mmHg mmHg mmHg mmHg mmHg mmHg	20 -10 -20 -50	MAX 100 250 40 450 100 450 350 150 450
Parameter Main Overview Paramete		Parameter Start Setting Priming	Therapy		ditional notions	<sup>^</sup> ?

All parameters which can be changed are displayed in red. The currently selected parameter has a gray background. The Setting window displays the allowable range. Using the rotary knob, select the individual parameters.

The following parameters can be set in the priming and rinsing phase:

- Plasma volume (ml)
- Balance (g)
- Plasma flow in %
- Heparin flow (ml/h)
- Heparin bolus (ml)
- Autostop heparin (min)
- Temperature (°C)
- Rinsing volume (ml)
- PA min (mmHg)
- PA max (mmHg)
- PV MIN window (mmHg)
- PV MAX window (mmHg)
- PPL min (mmHg)
- TMP max (mmHg)
- PPF min (mmHg)
- PDF min (mmHg)
- PDF max (mmHg)
- PDPA max (mmHg)
- PPL Threshold (mmHg)
- Ratio Dialysate/Plasma



10.01.02         Dettory           W16: Press 'OK' to return to menu selection         %         20           Therapy Time         0 0 : 0 0         hh:mm           Plasma Volume         3000 ml         PA         0 mrHg -150         100           Patient Balance         0 g         PV         0 mrHg -150         100           Patient Balance         0 g         PV         0 mrHg -150         100           Patient Balance         0 g         PV         0 mrHg -10         40           Plasma Flow         20 %         TMP         0 mrHg 20         40           Plasma Flow         20 %         TMP         0 mrHg 20         40           PPL         0 mrHg 20         %         TMP         0 mrHg 20         40           PPL         0 mrHg 4         PPL         0 mrHg 50         50         350           PPF         0 mrHg 50         350         PDF         0 mrHg 150         350           PDI         0 mrHg 50         0 0         0         PPL         10 mrHg 4         20           Nutostop Heparin         0 0 ml         0 0         PDI         0 mrHg 50         450           PDI         0 mrHg 50         0 0         0	<b>A A A A A</b> 15:	30	0.111				
W16: Press '0K' to return to menu selection         %         20 [10: 40]           Therapy Time Plasma Volume         0 0: 0 0 hhmm         PA         0 mintig -150         100           Plasma Volume         3000 mil         PBE         0 mintig -150         100           Patient Balance         0 g         PV         0 mintig -150         100           Blood Flow         0 milmin 4         PPL         0 mintig -10         450           Plasma Flow         20         %         TMP         0 mintig -20         450           Person Flow         2.0         milh         PDF         0 mintig -50         350           Heparin Flow         2.0         milh         PDF         0 mintig -50         350           Heparin Bolus         1.0         min         PDF         0 mintig -50         350           Autostop Heparin         0 min         70         mintig -450         450         450           PDI         0 mitig -450         0 mintig -450         450         450           PDI         0 mitig -450         9         9         7         40							
Therapy Time Plasma Volume Patient Balance         O 0 : 0 0 3000 ml         Phinm PBE         PA         0 mmHg         -150         100           Patient Balance         0 g         9         PV         0 mmHg         -450         250           P blood Flow         0 ml/min         9         PV         0 mmHg         -10         450           P Plasma Flow         20 %         0         TMP         0 mmHg         100           P Return Flow         2.0 ml/h         PDF         0 mmHg         -20         450           Heparin Flow         2.0 ml/h         PDF         0 mmHg         -50         550           Heparin Bolus         1.0 ml         PDPA         0 mmHg         450           Autostop Heparin         0 ml         PDF         0 mmHg         450           PDI         0 mHg         -50         350         450           Tot. Hep. Infused         0.0 ml         pPL Threshold         20 mmHg         840           Reset Balance Volume         0 g         0         70         4	W16: Press 'OK' to return to menu	selection					
Plasma Volume         3000         ml         PBE         0         mins g         450         250           Patient Balance         0         g         PV         0         mins g         450         250           Patient Balance         0         g         PV         0         mins g         450         260           Image: Patient Balance         0         g         PV         0         mins g         450         260           Image: Patient Balance         0         g         PV         0         mins g         450         260           Image: Patient Blow         0         millimin 4         PPL         0         mins g         100           Image: Patient Blow         2.0         millimin 4         PPF         0         mins g         -50         350           Heparin Blow         1.0         min         PDF         0         mins g         -50         350           Autostop Heparin         0         min         PDI         0         mins g         -450         450           Tot. Hep.Infused         0.0         min         PDI         0         mins g         4           Reset Balance Volume         0					-	PIIN	maX
Patient Balance         0         0         milling         PBE         0         milling         4-50         20           Bload Flow         0         milling         PPL         0         milling         2.0         450           P Plasma Flow         20         %         4         TMP         0         milling         -20         450           P Return Flow         2.0         milling         PPF         0         milling         -20         450           Heparin Flow         2.0         milling         PDF         0         milling         -20         450           Heparin Bolus         1.0         milling         PDF         0         milling         -50         350           Heparin Bolus         1.0         milling         PDF         0         milling         -450         450           Tot. Hep. Infused         0.0         milling         PDI         0         milling         420         milling         4200         milling         4200         milling         4200         milling         4200         milling         4200         milling         4200         milling         420         milling         4200         milling         420	Therapy Time 00:00	hh:mm	PA	0	mmHg	-150	100
Blood Flow         O         milmin         PPL         O         milmin         4           P Plasma Flow         20         %         4         TMP         0         milmin         1.0         450           P Return Flow         0         milmin         4         PPL         0         milmin         1.0         450           Heparin Flow         2.0         milh         PDF         0         milling         -20         450           Heparin Flow         2.0         milh         PDF         0         milling         -20         450           Heparin Flow         2.0         milh         PDF         0         milling         -50         350           Heparin Bolus         1.0         mil         PDF         0         milling         -450         450           Autostop Heparin         0         milling         9         0         milling         -450         450           Tot. Hep. Infused         0.0         milling         2400         milling         20         milling         4           Rissing Volume         2400         milling         0         9         4         4	Plasma Volume 3000	ml	PBE	Ō	mmHg	-450	250
Plasma Flow       20       m/m       PL       0       m/m       9       100         P Return Flow       0       m/m       PPF       0       m/Hg       -20       450         Heparin Flow       2.0       m/h       PDF       0       m/Hg       -20       450         Heparin Flow       2.0       m/h       PDF       0       m/Hg       -50       350         Heparin Flow       1.0       m       PDF       0       m/Hg       150         Autostop Heparin       0       min       PDI       0       m/Hg       150         Tot. Hep.Infused       0.0       m       PPL Threshold       20       m/Hg         Rissing Volume       2400       m       Ratio Dialysate/Plasma       4         Contraction       0       0       Ratio Dialysate/Plasma       4	Patient Balance 0	g	PV	ō	mmHg	20	40
Return Flow         O         m/min         PF         O         milling         -20         450           Heparin Flow         2.0         m/min         PPF         O         mmiling         -20         450           Heparin Flow         2.0         m/min         PDF         O         mmiling         -50         350           Autostop Heparin         0         min         PDPA         0         mmiling         -50         350           Tot. Hep. Infrused         0.0         mil         PDI         0         mmiling         -450         450           Tot. Hep. Infrused         0.0         mil         PDI         0         mmiling         -450         450           Reset Balance Volume         2400         mil         Ratio Dialysate/Plasma         4         4	Blood Flow 0	ml/min ┥	PPL	ŏ	mmHg	-10	450
Heparin Flow         2.0         m/h         PDF         0         m/h         FDF         0         m/h         50         350           Heparin Bolus         1.0         m/h         PDF         0         m/h         150           Autostop Heparin         0         min         PDF         0         m/h         150           Tot. Hep. Infused         0.0         min         PDI         0         m/h         2450         450           Rinsing Volume         2400         min         PPL Threshold         20         m/h         Ratio Dialysate/Plasma         4	▶ Plasma Flow 20	% 🖪	TMP	ō	mmHg		100
Heparin Bolus     1.0     min     PDPA     0     mmHg     150       Autostop Heparin     0     min     PDI     0     mmHg     450       Tot. Hep. Infused     0.0     min     PDI     0     mmHg     450       Tot. Hep. Infused     39.0     *C     PL Threshold     20     mmHg       Rinsing Volume     2400     min     PL Threshold     20     mmHg       Reset Balance Volume     0     0     0     4     4	Return Flow	ml/min 🖪	PPF	ŏ	mmHg	-20	450
Autostop Heparin     0     min     PDI     0     mmHg     -450     450       Tot. Hep. Infused     0.0     mil     mmHg     -450     450     450       Temperature     39.0     *C     PL. Threshold     20     mmHg       Rinsing Volume     2400     mil     PL. Threshold     20     mmHg       Reset Balance Volume     0     g     Control of the public	Heparin Flow 2.0	ml/h	PDF	ŏ	mmHg	-50	350
Autostop Heparin     0     min     PDI     0     mmHg     -450     450       Tot. Hep. Infused     0.0     mil     mmHg     -450     450     450       Temperature     39.0     *C     PL. Threshold     20     mmHg       Rinsing Volume     2400     mil     PL. Threshold     20     mmHg       Reset Balance Volume     0     g     Control of the public	Heparin Bolus 1.0	ml	PDPA	ō	mmHg		150
Temperature     39.0     *C     PPL Threshold     20     mmHg       Rinsing Volume     2400     ml     Ratio Dialysate/Plasma     4       Reset Balance Volume     0     g     6     6		min	PDI	ŏ	mmHa	-450	450
Rinsing Volume 2400 ml Ratio Dialysate/Plasma 4	Tot. Hep. Infused 0.0	ml		•			
Rinsing Volume 2400 ml Ratio Dialysate/Plasma 4	Temperature 39 0	°C	PPL Threshold			20	mmHa
Reset Balance Volume 0 g		ml	Ratio Dialucato/Dia	-			
Paramatar Main Elaw Paramatar Okut Additional <sup>A</sup>		a	Kato Dialysate/ Plas	ma		4	
Baramatar Main Flow Baramatar Great Additional		-					
Overview Parameter Scheme Setting Priming Functions	Parameter Main Flow Overview Parameter Scheme	Paramete Setting		herapy			

Press the key to activate the parameter to be changed. The field is shown with a red background and white labeling. Perform the desired change using

the rotary knob and confirm it with the  $\checkmark$  key. The changing of the following parameters must be

confirmed with the key since they are relevant for safety:

- Plasma flow rate
- Plasma volume
- Balance
- Heparin flow rate
- Heparin bolus
- PV MIN window (mmHg)
- PV MAX window (mmHg)
- Ratio Dialysate/Plasma

If a parameter is relevant for safety, the currently set value is shown in the Setting window above the

setting range. In addition, the LEDs above the key blink.



Risk to patient due to blood loss since increasing the PV MIN window elevates the likelihood of an unrecognised removal of the venous access.

- Do not cover the venous access.
- Keep the patient under continuous surveillance.

To quit the screen for setting the parameters, press

0

the key. The cursor changes back to the menu bar of the Parameter Overview screen and the menu item <Start Priming>

If you do not perform any settings for more than 15 seconds, the screen automatically changes back to the previously set screen.



Temperature	ers can be entered:
Default setting:	39°C
Range:	34 ÷ 40°C
Step size:	0.5°C
PA min	
Default setting:	-150 mmHg
Range:	-250 ÷ 80 mmHg
Step size:	10 mmHg
PA max	-
Default setting:	100 mmHg
Range:	0 ÷ 200 mmHg
Step size:	10 mmHg
PV window Min	-
Default setting:	20 mmHg
Range:	10 ÷ 40 mmHg
Step size:	5 mmHg
PV window Max	
Default setting:	40 mmHg
Range:	20 ÷ 100 mmHg
Step size:	5 mmHg
PPL min	
Default setting:	-10 mmHg
Range:	-20 ÷ 10 mmHg
Step size:	1 mmHg
TMP max	
Default setting:	100 mmHg
Range:	20 ÷ 200 mmHg
Step size:	10 mmHg
PPF min	
Default setting:	-20 mmHg
Range:	-50 ÷ 50 mmHg
Step size:	5 mmHg
PDF min	
Default setting:	-50 mmHg
Range:	-50 ÷ 0 mmHg
Step size:	5 mmHg
PDF max	
Default setting:	350 mmHg
Range:	10 ÷ 400 mmHg
Step size:	10 mmHg
PDPA max	
Default setting:	150 mmHg
Range:	50 ÷ 350 mmHg
	10 mmHg
Step size:	
PPL Threshold	
PPL Threshold Default setting:	20 mmHg
PPL Threshold	20 mmHg -10 ÷ 120 mmHg 5 mmHg



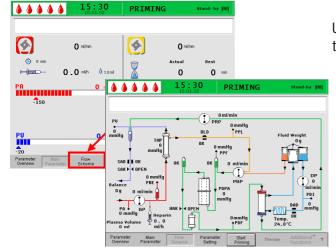
### Ratio Dialysate/Plasma

4
4 ÷ 12
1

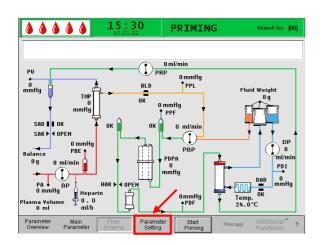


### 4.2.3 Parameter Setting in the <Flow Scheme> Screen

Using the rotary knob and the the <Flow Scheme> screen. key, change to



PRIMIN



Therapy Time Plasma Volume         0 0 : 0 0 3000         bhrmn Min         PA         mming         150         200           Patient Balance         0         9         PAtient Balance         0         PV         0         mming         -150         200         400           Patient Balance         0         9         PV         0         mming         -100         450         250           Plasma Flow         0         m/min         4         PPL         0         mming         -100         450           Return Flow         0         m/min         4         PPF         0         mming         -20         450           Heparin Flow         2.0         m/m         PDF         0         mming         -50         350           Autostop Heparin         0         min         PDF         0         mming         -450         450           Tot. Hep.Infused         0.0         min         PDI         0         mming         -450         450           Reset Balance Volume         2400         min         PPL         1/meshold         20         mming	W16: Press 'OK' to return to menu selection!	[ 10 : 40 ]
	Plasma Volume 3000 ml Patient Balance 0 g Plasma Flow 20 % 4 Plasma Flow 2.0 ml/m 4 Heparin Flow 2.0 ml/m Heparin Bolus 1.0 ml Autostop Heparin 0 min Tot. Hep. Infused 0.0 ml Temperature 39.0 °C Rinsing Volume 24000 ml	PBE         0         mmig         -450         250           PV         0         mmig         20         40           PPL         0         mmig         -10         450           TMP         0         mmig         100           PPF         0         mmig         20         450           PDF         0         mmig         50         350           PDPA         0         mmig         450         150           PDI         0         mmig         -450         450

To set the parameters, select the <Parameter Setting> menu item with the cursor in the <Flow

Scheme> screen and activate it with the key.

The screen changes to the Setting screen of the Parameter Overview and you can perform here all settings as described in chapter 4.2.2.



Blood Flow

Plasma Flow Return Flow

Heparin Flow

Heparin Bolus stop Hep

Tot. Hep. Infused

erature

....

PU 0 mmH

0 1 000

0 39

0

000 ml

ml

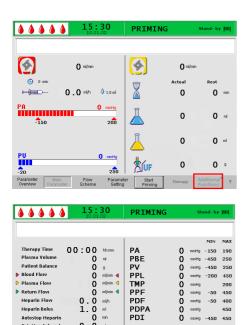
1

Ô

PPL Threshold

Ratio Dialys Start Priming

PRIMIN



mmH mmH mmH -200

Temp. 24.0°C

-50 450

20 0

400

450

### 4.2.4 Additional Functions

During Priming and Rinsing in the < Main Parameter>, <Parameter Overview>, and <Flow Scheme> screens, the <Additional Functions> menu item is not active.



New Therapy:

To cancel the priming and rinsing phase and return to the Start screen, switch off the machine and switch it

on again while pressing the key.



## 5. THERAPY

- 5.1 STARTING THE THERAPY
- 5.2 TERMINATING THE THERAPY
- 5.3 PARAMETER SETTING
- 5.3.1 Parameter Setting in the <Main Parameter> Screen
- 5.3.2 Parameter Setting in the <Parameter Overview> Screen
- 5.3.3 Parameter Setting in the <Flow Scheme> Screen
- 5.3.4 Additional Functions



### 5.1 Starting the Therapy

• After the completion of the priming and rinsing phase, select the <Therapy> menu item in the

menu bar and confirm with the every key

• The following message is displayed in the warning window <W32: Activate therapy mode ?>

Confirm the message with the key.

The change to the therapy phase is possible only when the minimum rinsing volume of 2400 ml has been reached.

The screen changes to the Therapy screen.

Display Area of Therapy Screen



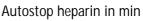
i

Blood flow in ml/min



Heparin flow in ml/h





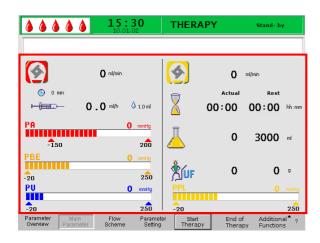


🕒 0 min

Plasma flow in ml/min

Therapy time [Actual/Rest] in hh:mm

Plasma volume [Actual/Rest] in ml



B|BRAUN SHARING EXPERTISE

∱∫∪г	Balance in g
PA 0 mmHg -150 200	Arterial pressure in mmHg
PU 0 mmHg -20 250	Venous pressure in mmHg
-20 250	Prefilter pressure in mmHg
PPL 0 mmHg -20 250	Plasma pressure in mmHg

- Select <Start Therapy> in the menu bar. The following message is displayed in the Warning window: <W15: Connect buffer seal and clamp opened?>
- Exchange the saline bag on the load cell with the prepared acetate buffer bag.
- Remove the venous line from the empty bag on the IV-pole and screw it to the second connection of the saline bag on the IV-pole (next to the arterial line).
- Remove the empty bag from the IV-pole.
- Remove the clamps from the bag and the buffer line and make sure that all bag break seals are open.
- At this point at the latest, enter the parameters required for the therapy, such as plasma volume, heparin flow, heparin bolus, etc. (see chapter 4.2).

Confirm the message in the Warning window with the



The machine is now ready for the therapy and can be connected to the patient.

Starting the Blood Circuit

- Disconnect the arterial line from the physiological saline bag on the IV-pole.
- Connect the line to the patient access for drawing blood.
- The green and red LEDs above the stop key blink

alternately. Start the blood pump with the



Stop

key. The default setting of the blood flow is 40 ml/min.

If desired, adapt the blood flow with the

key or the key to the existing pressure situation.

 When the first traces of blood reach the saline bag on the IV-pole, stop the blood pump with the Start



Connect the venous line to the patient access for blood return.



• Start the blood pump with the key and adapt the blood flow to the existing pressure conditions and the tolerance of the patient. Observe the pressure limits which are displayed on the monitor!

i

The patient can also be connected venovenous without phlebotomy but with volume substitution. Connect the patient's arterial line as well as the venous line to the patient's accesses for drawing blood and blood return, respectively. Fill the blood-

side line system by pressing the key.

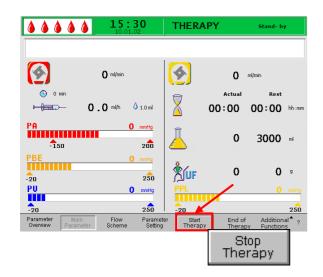
Starting the Plasma Circuit

- Allow the blood to circulate for a short period (approx. two minutes) until a spontaneous yellow coloring occurs in the proximal part of the plasma filter.
- Start the therapy by selecting the <Start

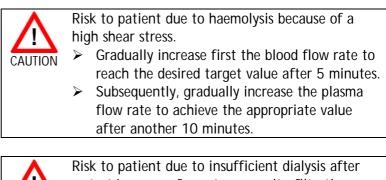
Therapy> menu item. Confirm with the key. Plasma treatment begins.

- The text of the softkey <Start Therapy> changes to <Stop Therapy>.
- The treatment is automatically monitored and terminated when the desired plasma volume has been reached.
- The treatment can be interrupted at any time with the <Stop Therapy> menu item and switching to the reinfusion phase.

The therapy period is timed only while the plasma circuit is running.



i





Risk to patient due to insufficient dialysis after restart because of spontaneous ultrafiltration occuring in the therapy stand-by mode.

Place a clamp on the dialysate drainage line behind the dialyzer.



\$

(L) 0 min

PA

PBE

-20

PU

-20

Paran

-150

150 mi/mir

W35: Activate reinfusion ?

Press 'OK' to proceed !

Flow

250

250

Paran Setti

0 mmHg

Warning



4

LUF

20

Stop Therac **0** ml

0

End of

Rest

00:00 hh:mm

**0** mi

0

g

## 5.2 Terminating the Therapy

When the treated plasma volume is achieved, the machine switches to the stand-by mode. The blood circuit continues to circulate with the most recent blood flow rate selected.

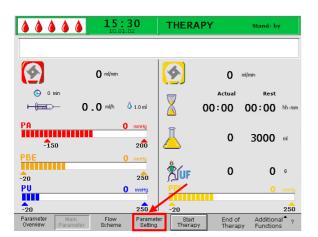
• The cursor automatically points to the <End of Therapy> command in the menu bar. Confirm

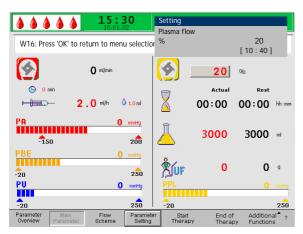


 Confirm the message <W35: Activate reinfusion? Press 'OK' to proceed!> in the

Warning window by pressing the key to change to the reinfusion phase.

CAUTION	<ul> <li>Risk to patient due to blood and/or plasma loss and subsequent blood pressure drop in case of a premature termination of the therapy without reinfusion of the plasma and/or blood volume.</li> <li>Volume substitution, application of an albumin solution as prescribed by the handling physician.</li> <li>Request the patient to drink more liquids than</li> </ul>
	usual.





### **5.3 PARAMETER SETTING**

5.3.1 Parameter Setting in the <Main Parameter> Screen

To set the parameters, select the <Parameter Setting> menu item with the cursor in the <Main

Parameter > screen and activate it with the key.

All parameters which can be changed are displayed in red. The currently selected parameter has a gray background. The Setting window displays the allowable range. Using the rotary knob, select the individual parameters.

The following parameters can be set in the therapy phase:



Plasma flow rate (%)



Plasma volume (ml)



and the second second

🍐 1.0 ml

🕒 0 min

Balance (g)

Heparin flow rate (ml/min)

Heparin bolus (ml)

Autostop heparin (min)



<b>15:30</b> 10.01.02	Setting
W16: Press 'OK' to return to menu selection	
0 m//min	<b>20</b> %
🕒 0 min	Actual Rest
₽ <del>_(===</del> <b>2.0</b> m/h 0 1.0 m/	00:00 00:00 hhimm
PA 0 mmHg -150 200	<mark></mark>
PBE 0 mmHg -20 250	ŠUF 0 0 °
PU O mmHg	PPL 0 mmHg
-20 250	-20 250
Parameter Main Flow Paramete Overview Parameter Scheme Setting	er Start End of Additional <sup>®</sup> ? Therapy Therapy Functions

Press the key to select the parameter to be changed. The field is shown with a red background and white labeling. Perform the desired change using

the rotary knob and confirm with the key. The changing of the following parameters must be

confirmed with the key since they are relevant to patient safety:

- Plasma flow rate %
- Plasma volume
- Balance
- Heparin bolus
- Heparin flow rate

If a parameter is relevant to patient safety, the currently set value is shown in the Setting window above the setting range. In addition, the LEDs above



To quit the screen for setting the parameters, press

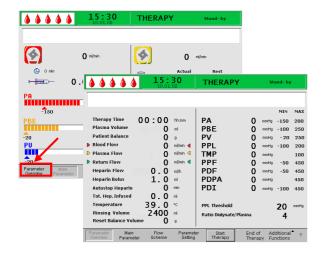
the key. The cursor changes back to the menu bar and the menu item <Start Therapy> of the Parameter Overview screen.

If no settings are changed for more than 15 seconds, the screen automatically changes back to the previously set screen.

For more details, see chapter 4.2.1

5.3.2 Parameter Setting in the <Parameter Overview> Screen

Using the rotary knob and the key, change to the <Parameter Overview> screen.





	<b>15</b> :		THERAPY		St	and- by	
	0 10101						
						MIN	MAX
Therapy Time	00:00	hh:mm	PA	0	mmHg	-150	200
Plasma Volume	0	ml	PBE	Ō	mmHg	-100	250
Patient Balance	0	9	PV	0	mmHg	- 20	250
Blood Flow	0	ml/min ┥	PPL	0	mmHg	-100	200
🕨 Plasma Flow	0	ml/min <	ТМР	0	mmHg		100
Return Flow	0	ml/min ٵ	PPF	Ō	mmHg	-50	450
Heparin Flow	0.0	ml/h	PDF	0	mmHg	-50	450
Heparin Bolus	1.0	ml	PDPA	Ō	mmHg		450
Autostop Heparin	0	min	PDI	0	mmHg	-100	450
Tot. Hep. Infused	0.0	ml					
Temperature	39.0	°C	PPL Threshold			20	mmHg
<b>Rinsing Volume</b>	2400	ml	Ratio Dialysate/Pl	asma		4	
Reset Balance Volu	me O	•				-	
Parameter Main Overview Paramet	Flow er Scheme	Paramet Setting	er Start Therapy	End o Thera		ditional nctions	<b>^</b> ?

W16: Press 'OK' to return to menu selection	Setting Plasma flow %	20 [ 10 : 40 ]
Therapy Time Plasma Yolume       00:00 3000 0       hhmm         Patient Balance       0 0       d         Patient Balance       0 0       d         Plasma Flow       0 m/m       m/m         Plasma Flow       0 m/m       m/m         Return Flow       0 m/m       m/m         Heparin Bolus       1.0 m/m       m/m         Autostop Heparin Tot. Hep. Infused       0 0 m/m       m/m         Temperature       39.0 2400 Reset Balance Volume       0 0	PA 0 PBE 0 PV 0 PPL 0 TMP 0 PPF 0 PDF 0 PDF 0 PDF 0 PDF 0 PDF 0	MIN         MAX           mmHg         -150         100           mmHg         -100         250           mmHg         -100         200           mmHg         -10         200           mmHg         -10         200           mmHg         -50         350           mmHg         -50         350           mmHg         -100         450           200         mmHg         450
Parameter Main Flow Parameter Overview Parameter Scheme Setting	r Start End of Therapy Therap	

To set parameters, select the <Parameter Setting>

menu item and activate it with the



All parameters which can be changed are displayed in red. The currently selected parameter has a gray background. The Setting window displays the allowable range. Using the rotary knob, you can select the individual parameters.

The following parameters can be set in the therapy phase:

- Plasma volume (ml)
- Balance (g)
- Plasma flow (%)
- Heparin flow (ml/h)
- Heparin bolus (ml)
- Autostop heparin (min)
- Temperature (°C)
- PA min (mmHg)
- PA max (mmHg)
- PV MIN window (mmHg)
- PV MAX window (mmHg)
- PPL min (mmHg)
- TMP max (mmHg)
- PPF min (mmHg)
- PDF min (mmHg)
- PDF max (mmHg)
- PDPA max (mmHg)
- PPL Threshold (mmHg)
- Ratio Dialysate/Plasma

W16: Press 'OK' to re	<b>15</b> : 10.01.	02	Setting Plasma flow %		[ 10 :	40 ]	
Therapy Time Plasma Volume Patient Balance Blood Flow Plasma Flow Return Flow Heparin Bolus Autostop Heparin Tot. Hep. Infused Temperature Rinsing Volume Reset Balance Volum	00:00 3000 0 20 0 2.0 1.0 0 0.0 39.0 2400 ne 0	hh:mm ml g ml/min 4 % 4 ml/mi ml ml ml mi ml c c ml g	PA PBE PV PPL TMP PPF PDF PDF PDF PDPA PDI	0 0 0 0 0 0 0		-150 -100 -10 -20 -50 -100 <b>20</b> 4	100 250 40 200 100 450 350 150 450
Parameter Main Overview Parameter	Flow r Scheme	Parameter Setting	r Start Therapy	End of Therap		ditional nctions	<b>^</b> ?

Press the key to select the parameter to be changed. The field is shown with a red background and white labeling. Perform the desired change using

the rotary knob and confirm it with the key. The changing of the following parameters must be

confirmed with the key since they are relevant to patient safety:

- Plasma flow rate
- Plasma volume
- Balance
- Heparin flow rate
- Heparin bolus
- PA min
- PA max
- PV MIN window (mmHg)
- PV MAX window (mmHg)
- Ratio Dialysate/Plasma

If a parameter is relevant to patient safety, the currently set value is shown in the Setting window above the setting range. In addition, the LEDs above



WARNING

Risk to patient due to blood loss since increasing the PV MIN window elevates the likelihood of an unrecognised removal of the venous access.

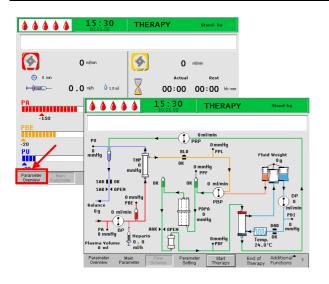
- Do not cover the venous access.
- Keep the patient under continuous surveillance.

To quit the screen for setting the parameters, press

the key. The cursor changes back to the menu bar and the menu item <Start Therapy> of the Main Parameter screen.

If no settings are changed for more than 15 seconds, the screen automatically changes back to the previously set screen.

For more details, see chapter 4.2.2.



THERAPY

PBI

Start Therar

PDI

Temp. 24.0°C End of Additional<sup>®</sup> Therapy Functions

15:30

Paramete Setting

BLI

**à à à à à** 

PU

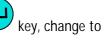
o mmHa

SAK

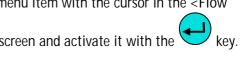
Main Paramet

5.3.3 Parameter Setting in the <Flow Scheme> Screen

Using the rotary knob and the the <Flow Scheme> screen.



To set the parameters, select the <Parameter Stand-by Setting> menu item with the cursor in the <Flow Scheme> screen and activate it with the



	15: 10.01		Setting				
	10.01		Plasma flow				
W16: Press 'OK' to r	eturn to menu	selection	%			20	
W10.11035 OK (01	cturn to mene	Scicction			[ 10	0 : 40	
						MIN	MAX
Therapy Time	00:00	hh:mm	PA	0	mmHg	-150	100
Plasma Volume	3000	ml	PBE	Ō	mmHg	-100	250
Patient Balance	0	g	PV	Ō	mmHg	20	40
Blood Flow	Ō	ml/min ┥	PPL	Ō	mmHg	-10	200
Plasma Flow	20	% 🖪	ТМР	Ō	mmHg		100
Return Flow	0	ml/min ٵ	PPF	ō	mmHg	-20	450
Heparin Flow	2.0	ml/h	PDF	Ō	mmHg	-50	350
Heparin Bolus	1.0	ml	PDPA	Ō	mmHg		150
Autostop Heparin	0	min	PDI	0	mmHg	-100	450
Tot. Hep. Infused	0.0	ml					
Temperature	39.0	°C	PPL Threshold			20	mmHg
Rinsing Volume	2400	ml	Ratio Dialysate/Pla	asma		20	
Reset Balance Volu	me O	9				4	
Parameter Main Overview Paramete	Flow er Scheme	Paramete Setting	r Start Therapy	End of Therap		lditional nctions	• ?

The screen changes to the Setting screen of the Parameter Overview and the settings may be changed as described in chapters 5.3.2 and 4.2.2.



#### 15:30 THERAPY Stand- by \$ 4 **0** ml/min 0 milm (-) 0 min Rest Warning 00:00 bhim W35: Activate reinfusion ? PA 3000 --150 PBE Press 'OK' to proceed ! 0 9 -20 ..... PU 0 mmHg 250 Flow Para End of

### 5.3.4 Additional Functions

Premature Termination of Therapy

The therapy can be terminated prematurely at any time by selecting <End of Therapy> in the menu bar

and activated by pressing the 😾 key.



If the therapy is prematurely terminated, the Warning window with the following message is first displayed <W35: Activate reinfusion ?> and must be

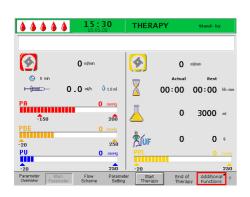
confirmed with the key. The next procedure is described in chapter 6 -Reinfusion.

# Additional Functions

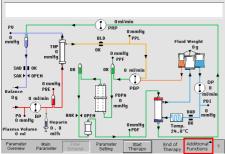
From the <Main Parameter>, <Parameter Overview>, and <Flow Scheme> screens, the <Additional Functions> menu item can be selected

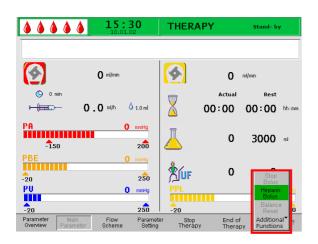
and activated by pressing the













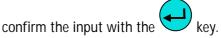
When <Additional Functions> is selected, a submenu with the following selections is opened:

- Stop bolus active only while the heparin bolus is administered
- Heparin bolus active during the therapy
- Balance reset active only for improper balancing > 200 g (for a more detailed description, see Problem Correction).

The active menu items are shown in black labeling, and the inactive items in gray labeling. The selected active field has a green background.

### Heparin bolus

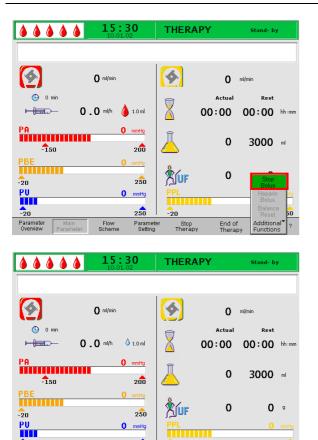
• To administer a heparin bolus during the therapy, select the <Heparin Bolus> menu item and



- The Warning window is displayed with the following message: <W33: Heparin bolus?>
- Confirm the message with the key if you wish to administer the heparin bolus.
- If you do not wish to administer the heparin bolus, wait for the Warning window to disappear after 5 seconds.



•



250

Stop Therapy

Flow Scheme

-20

Paramete Overview • While the heparin bolus is administered, the <Stop Bolus> menu item in the submenu is active. The heparin bolus can be interrupted at



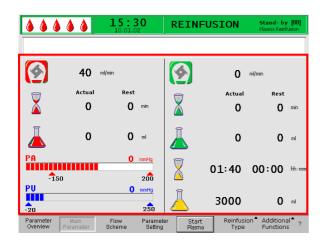
- During heparin administration, the symbol of heparin bolus (drop) alternates between a large red drop and a small blue drop.
- After heparin administration, the softkey <Stop Therapy> is automatically selected.

250

End of Therapy

## 6. **REINFUSION**

- 6.1 PLASMA REINFUSION
- 6.2 BLOOD REINFUSION
- 6.3 TERMINATING THE TREATMENT
- 6.4 PARAMETER SETTING
- 6.4.1 Parameter Setting in the <Main Parameter> Screen
- 6.4.2 Parameter Setting in the <Parameter Overview> Screen
- 6.4.3 Parameter Setting in the <Flow Scheme> Screen
- 6.4.4 Additional Functions



### 6.1 PLASMA REINFUSION

After terminating the therapy as described in chapter 5.2, the screen display changes to the Reinfusion screen.

Display Area of the Reinfusion Screen



Blood flow in ml/min



Blood reinfusion time in min



Blood reinfusion volume in ml



Reinfusion flow in ml/min



Reinfusion time in min



Reinfusion volume in ml



0 mmHq

0 mmHg



PA

-150

PU

-20

Plasma volume [Actual/Rest] in ml

<sup>20</sup> Arterial pressure in mmHg

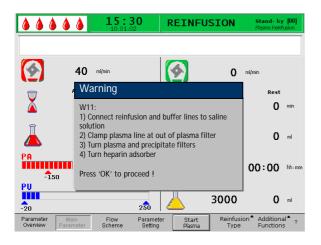
<sup>25</sup> Venous pressure in mmHg

After the change to the reinfusion phase, the blood flow is not stopped but set automatically to 40 ml/min.

The default setting of the plasma reinfusion volume is 400 ml.



OK

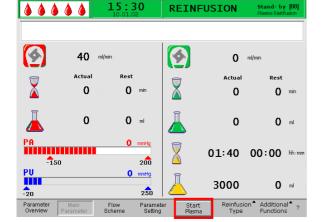


The next steps for preparing the reinfusion are summarized in the Warning window.

- Check that the double-chamber bag with the physiological saline solution is hanging on the IVpole.
- Check whether the reinfusion line is connected to the 1500 ml compartment of the saline bag and the seal of the saline bag is broken.
- Open the clamps of the reinfusion line.
- Take the buffer bag from the load cell. Remove the buffer line from the buffer bag and connect the buffer line to the 1500 ml compartment of the saline bag.
- Open the break seal of the saline bag and open the clamp on the buffer line.
- Close the clamp on the plasma line directly after the plasma filter.
- Turn over the plasma filter, the precipitate filter and the heparin adsorber.
- After performing all steps, confirm with the key.

Start plasma reinfusion by selecting the <Start Plasma> menu item in the menu bar and pressing the





If the precipitate filter pressure rises during the plasma reinfusion because of the high filter saturation, the reinfusion flow should be reduced.

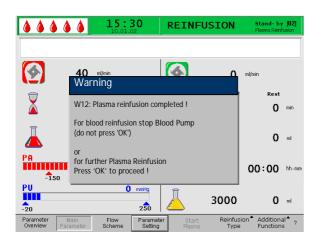
Risk to patient due to an excessively fast plasma reinfusion. Some patients experience flushing on the arm used for reinfusion and in the throat area, nausea and/or headaches.

Reduce the plasma reinfusion flow to approx. 20 ml/min and increase the blood flow as much as possible (approx. 80 ml/min), so that flows similar to those during therapy are achieved.



1

CAUTION



When the reinfusion volume is reached, all pumps except the blood pump stop. The blood flow is maintained. The default setting of the plasma reinfusion volume is 400 ml.

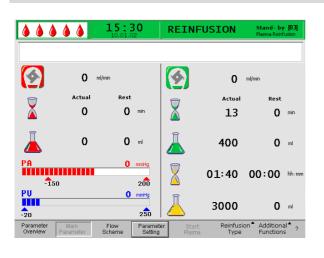
The Warning window on the display explains the next procedure choices:

• Stop blood pump to pass to blood reinfusion

OR

• PRESS the key to continue plasma reinfusion.

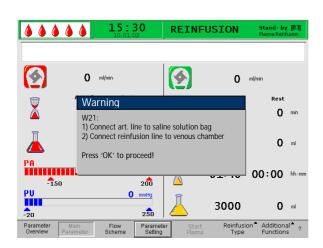




#### 6.2 BLOOD REINFUSION

Stop the blood pump with the





As long as the blood pump is running, the blood reinfusion will not start !

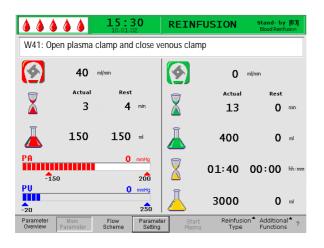
The next steps are summarized in a Warning window.

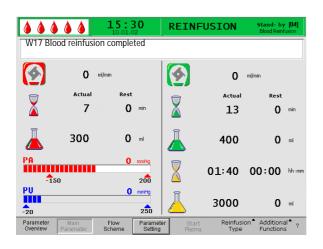
- Remove the arterial line from the patient's arterial access and connect the line to the 500 ml compartment of the saline bag on the IV-pole.
- Close the clamp of the reinfusion line.
- Take the reinfusion line from the saline bag and screw it to the port of the venous chamber.
- Open the clamps of the reinfusion line and the port.
- Confirm the Warning window with the key.
- Start the blood pump with the wey

The default setting of the blood reinfusion volume is 300 ml.



i





When a blood reinfusion volume of 150 ml has been reached warning W41 appears:

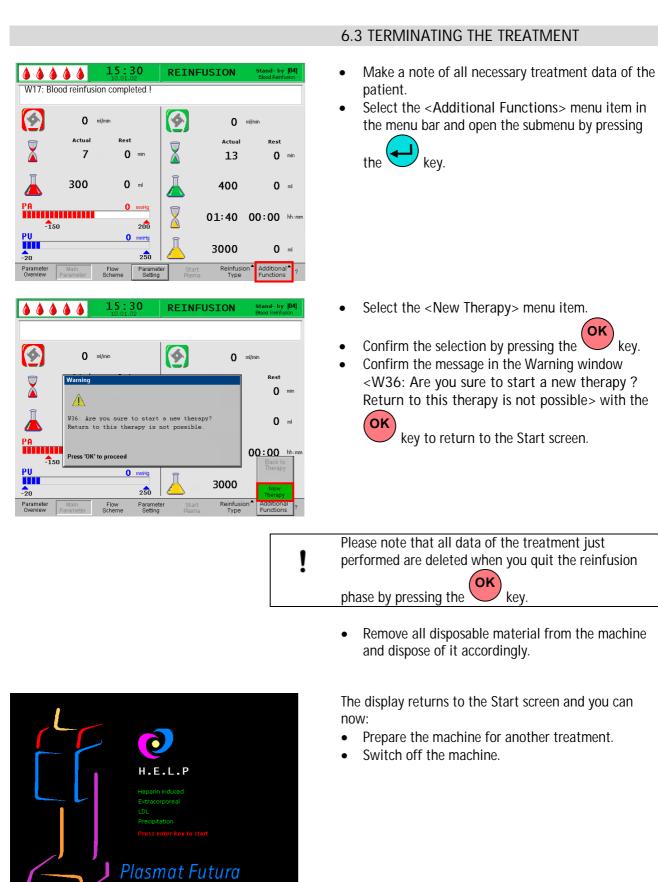
- open the clamp of the plasma line after the plasma filter.
- close the clamp on the venous line to the venous chamber.

The saline solution is now pumped through the membrane of the plasma filter to the plasma side of the filter. In this manner, the plasma from the plasma filter is also reinfused.

The blood pump stops automatically when the set blood reinfusion volume is reached.

• Remove the venous line from the patient's venous access. For the patient, the treatment is now completed.

kev.

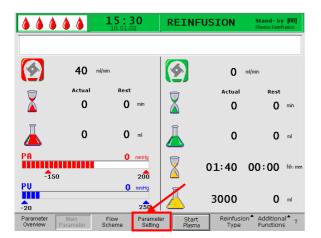


Chapter 6

2.6\_CA-EN\_03

BIBRAUN

SHARING EXPERTISE



		<b>15</b> :3	3 <b>0</b> 2	DETNE Setting	USTON	Stand- by	100]
W16: Pres	ss 'OK' to retu	ırn to menu	selection	Return flov mlmin	N	30 [ 10 : 50 ]	
<b>(</b>	40	ml/min		( <b>\$</b> )	30	ml/min	
	Actual	Rest			Actual	Rest	
Ă	0	0	min	X	0	0	min
Ā	300	0	mi	Ā	400	0	ml
PA -15	i0	0	mmHg 200	$\mathbf{X}$	01:40	00:00	hh:mm
PU -20		0	mmHg 250	Ā	3000	0	ml
Parameter Overview	Main Parameter	Flow Scheme	Paramete Setting	er Start Plasma	Reinfusi Type	on <sup>1</sup> Additiona Function:	

#### 6.4 PARAMETER SETTING

6.4.1 Parameter Setting in the <Main Parameter> Screen

To set the parameters, select the <Parameter Setting> menu item with the cursor in the <Main

Parameter> screen and activate it with the vey.

All parameters which can be changed are displayed in red. The currently selected parameter has a gray background. The Setting window displays the allowable range. Using the rotary knob, select the individual parameters.

The following parameters can be set in the reinfusion phase:



Reinfusion flow Default setting: 30 ml/min Range: 10 ÷ 50 ml/min Step size: 5 ml/min

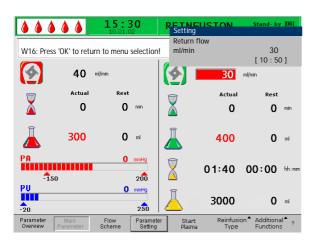


Plasma reinfusion volume Default setting: 400 ml Range: 400 ÷ 1000 ml Step size: 50 ml



Blood reinfusion volume Default setting: 300 ml Range: 100 ÷ 600 ml Step size: 50 ml





Press the key to select the parameter to be changed. The field is shown with a red background and white labeling. Perform the desired change using the

rotary knob and confirm it with the key. The changing of the following parameters must be

confirmed with the key since they are relevant to patient safety:

- Reinfusion flow
- Blood reinfusion volume

Which parameters are relevant to patient safety can be seen in the Setting window. The currently set value is shown above the setting area. In addition, the LEDs

above the key blink.

To quit the screen for setting the parameters, press the

key. The cursor changes back to menu item <Start Plasma> of the menu bar of the Parameter Overview screen.

If no settings are changed for more than 15 seconds, the screen automatically changes back to the previously set screen.

6.4.2 Parameter Setting in the <Parameter Overview> Screen

Using the rotary knob and the key, change to the <Parameter Overview> screen.

<u> </u>	۵۵	15:30 10.01.02	REINFUSIO		Stand- by [00] Plasma Reinfusion			
<b>S</b>	40	nl/min		<b>0</b> m/m	in			
8	Actual	Rest	(m) A	tual	Rest			
Ă	0	<b>0</b> min	<b>X</b>	0	0 min			
Â	0	<b>O</b> mi	1	0	0 m			
PA			15:3	30	REINFUS	ION	Stand- by E Plasma Reinfu	00
Parameter Overview	Main Parameter	Ferrary Time Plasma Volur Patient Balan Blood Flow Plasma Flow Return Flow Heparin Flow Heparin Bolu Autostop Hep	me 3000 ce 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	hh:mm ml g ml/min 4 ml/min 4 ml/min 4 ml/h ml min	PA PBE PV PPL TMP PPF PDF PDPA PDI	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	mmHg -100 mmHg -20 mmHg -100 mmHg -100 mmHg -50 mmHg -50 mmHg	21 22 22 21 44 44 44 44
		Tot. Hep. Infu Temperature		ml ∘⊂	PPL Threshold		20	mm



	<b>15</b> :		REINFUS	SION		d-by ia Reinf	[00] usion
	01:40	hh:mm	РА	0	mmHg ·	MIN -150	MAX 200
Plasma Volume Patient Balance	3000 0	ml g	PBE PV	0	mmHg mmHg	-100 -20	250 250
Blood Flow Plasma Flow	Ō	ml/min ┥	PPL	Ō		-100	200
Return Flow	0	ml/min 🖣	TMP PPF	0	mmHg mmHg	-50	150 450
Heparin Flow Heparin Bolus	0.0	ml/h ml	PDF PDPA	0	mmHg mmHa	-50	450 450
Autostop Heparin	Ō	min	PDI	ŏ		-100	450
Tot. Hep. Infused Temperature	0.0	ml ∘⊂	PPL Threshold			20	mmHg
Rinsing Volume Reset Balance Volun	2400 •• 0	mi g	Ratio Dialysate/	Plasma		6	
Parameter Main Overview Parameter	Flow Scheme	Paramete Setting	er Start Plasma	End o Thera		litional ctions	• ?

<b>15:30</b> 10.01.02	Setting
W16: Press 'OK' to return to menu selection	Return flow ml/min 30 [ 10 : 50 ] x
Therapy Time 01:40 hhimm Plasma Volume 3000 ml Patient Balance 0 g	PA         0         mmHg         -150         100           PBE         0         mmHg         -100         250           PV         0         mmHg         20         40
Blood Flow     O m/min 4     Plasma Flow     O m/min 4	PPL         0         mmHg         -10         200           TMP         0         mmHg         150
▶ Return Flow 30 million 4 Heparin Flow 0.0 million Heparin Bolus 1.0 mil	PPF         0         mmHg         -20         450           PDF         0         mmHg         -50         400           PDPA         0         mmHg         350
Autostop Heparin 0 min Tot. Hep. Infused 0 0 mi Temperature 39 0 °C	PDI         0         mmHg         -100         450           PPL Threshold         20         mmHg         -100         450
Rinsing Volume 2400 ml Reset Balance Volume 0 g	PPL Threshold 20 mmHg Ratio Dialysate/Plasma 4
Parameter Main Flow Parameter Overview Parameter Scheme Setting	r Start End of Additional <sup>®</sup> ? Plasma Therapy Functions

To set the parameters, select the <Parameter Setting> menu item with the cursor in the <Parameter Overview> screen and activate it with



All parameters which can be changed are displayed in red. The currently selected parameter has a gray background. The Setting window displays the allowable range. Using the rotary knob, you can select the individual parameters.

The following parameters can be set in the reinfusion phase:

- Reinfusion flow (ml/min)
- Temperature (°C)
- PA min (mmHg)
- PA max (mmHq)
- PV MIN window (mmHg)
- PV MAX window (mmHg)
- PPL min (mmHg)
- TMP max (mmHg)
- PPF min (mmHg)
- PDF min (mmHg)
- PDF max (mmHg)
- PDPA max (mmHg)
- PPL Threshold (mmHg)
- Ratio Dialysate/Plasma

W16: Press 'OK' to return	<b>15:30</b> 10.01.02	RETNELISTON Setting Return flow	Stand- by [00]
		ml/min	30 [ 10 : 50 ]
Plasma Volume 3 Patient Balance > Blood Flow > Plasma Flow Heparin Flow Heparin Bolus Autostop Heparin Tot. Hep. Infused Temperature 33 Rinsing Volume 2	: 40 hh:mm 3000 ml 0 g 0 ml/min ◀ 30 ml/min ◀ 30 ml/min ◀ 1.0 ml 0 min 0 min 0 min 0 min 0 ml 9.0 v< 400 ml	PA         O           PBE         O           PV         O           PPL         O           TMP         O           PDF         O           PDF         O           PDF         O           PDI         O           PPL <threshold< td="">         Ratio Dialysate/Plasma</threshold<>	mmHq         -150         100           mmHq         -100         250           mmHq         20         40           mmHq         -10         20           mmHq         -10         20           mmHq         -20         450           mmHq         -50         400           mmHq         -30         350           mmHq         -10         254           mmHq         -100         450
Reset Balance Volume           Parameter         Main           Overview         Parameter	Flow Scheme Setting	r Start End Plasma Ther	

Press the key to select the parameter to be changed. The field is shown with a red background and white labeling. Perform the desired change using the

rotary knob and confirm it with the key. The changing of the following parameter must be

confirmed with the key since it is relevant to patient safety:

- Reinfusion flow in ml/min
- PA min in mmHg
- PA max in mmHg
- PV MIN window (mmHg)
- PV MAX window (mmHg)
- Ratio Dialysate/Plasma

Plasma and blood reinfusion volume can be set only in the <Main Parameter> screen.

Parameters relevant to patient safety can be seen in the Setting window. The currently set value is shown above the setting area. In addition, the LEDs above the



key blink.

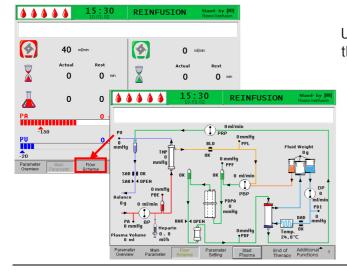
To quit the screen for setting the parameters, press the

key. The cursor changes back to the menu item <Start Plasma> of the menu bar of the Parameter Overview screen.

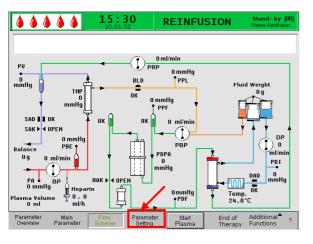
If no settings are changed for more than 15 seconds, the screen automatically changes back to the previously set screen.

6.4.3 Parameter Setting in the <Flow Scheme> Screen

Using the rotary knob and the key, change to the <Flow Scheme> screen.







W16: Press 'OK' to ref	15:30 10.01.02	Return flow		30 [ 10 : 5	
Therapy Time Plasma Volume Patient Balance Blood Flow Plasma Flow Return Flow Heparin Flow Heparin Bolus Autostop Heparin Tot. Hep. Infused Temperature Rinsing Volume Reset Balance Volume	0 m/m 30 m/m 0.0 m/m 1.0 ml 0 min 0.0 ml 39.0 °C 2400 ml	PBE PV in 4 PPL in 4 PPF		mmHg -1 mmHg -1 mmHg - mmHg - mmHg - mmHg - mmHg - mmHg -1 2	00 250 20 40 10 200 150 20 450 50 400 350 00 450
Parameter Main Overview Parameter	Flow P Scheme	°arameter Start Setting Plasma	End of Therapy	Additio Function	

To set the parameters, select the <Parameter Setting> menu item with the cursor in the <Flow

Scheme> screen and activate it with the



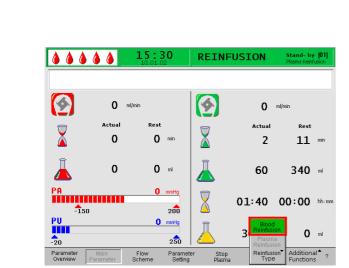
The screen changes to the Setting screen of the Parameter Overview and you can perform here all settings as described in chapter 6.4.2.

• • •	۵۵	<b>15:</b>	3 <b>0</b>	REIN	FUSION	RUNNINO Plasma Reinf	5 <b>[01]</b> Tusion
<b>(</b>	<b>40</b> m	min			30	ml/min	
	Actual	Rest		9	Actual	Rest	
Ă	0	0	min	X	2	11	min
Ā	0	0	ml	Ā	60	340	ml
PA -150		0	mmHg 200	$\mathbf{X}$	01:40	00:00	hh:mm
PU -20		0	mmHg 250	Ā	3000	0	ml
Parameter Overview	Main Parameter	Flow Scheme	Paramet Setting		o Reinfusi na Type	on <sup>1</sup> Additiona Function	al <b>^</b> ? 5

## 6.4.4 Additional Functions

At any time during Plasma Reinfusion, you can prematurely terminate the Plasma Reinfusion by selecting <Stop Plasma> in the menu bar and

activating it with the every



To move on to Blood Reinfusion, stop the blood pump

with the key. Select the <Reinfusion Type>

menu item and press the key. The respective submenu is opened. Select the <Blood Reinfusion> menu item in this submenu and confirm it with the



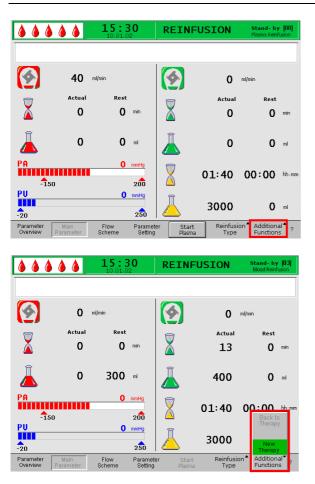
The sub menu <Blood Reinfusion> is active only if the blood pump is stopped.

After selection of <Blood Reinfusion a Warning Window appears:

<W21: 1) Connect art. line to saline solution bag 2) Connect reinfusion line to venous chamber>

which must be confirmed with the key. The next procedure is described in section 6.2 Blood Reinfusion.



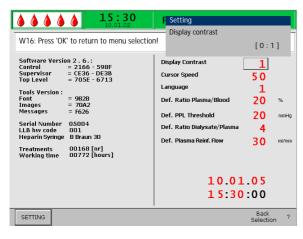


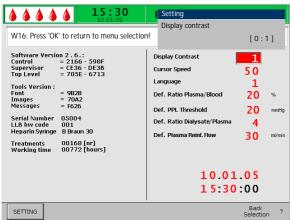
Under the <Additional Functions> menu item you can select more functions.

- The <New Therapy> menu item is active only during blood reinfusion. It allows for complete termination of the treatment and a return to the Start screen (see chapter 6.3).
- The <Back to Therapy> menu item is active only during plasma reinfusion and allows return to therapy.

# 7. BASIC AND DEFAULT SETTINGS

<b>15:30</b>	PRIMING Stand- by [00]
Software Version 2 . 6 .: Control = 2166 - 598F Supervisor = CE36 - DE3B Top Level = 7055 - 6713 Tools Version : Font = 982B Images = 70A2 Messages = F626 Serial Number 05004 LLB hw code 001 Heparin Syninge B Braun 30 Treatments 00168 [nr] Working time 00772 [hours]	Display Contrast 1 2 Cursor Speed 50 Language 1 Def. Ratio Plasma/Blood 20 % Def. PPL Threshold 20 mmHig Def. Ratio Dialysate/Plasma 4 Def. Plasma Reinf. Flow 30 m/min 10.01.05 15:30:00
SETTING	Back ? Selection





#### 7. BASIC AND DEFAULT SETTINGS



By simultaneously pressing the

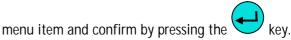
key and the

key you can go to the Service screen from any screen after the self-test.

Technical information is displayed on the left side of the screen (1).

The parameters set by default are displayed on the right side of the screen (2).

To change the parameters, select the <SETTING>



All parameters that can be changed are displayed in red. The currently selected parameter has a gray background. The Setting window displays the allowable range. Using the rotary knob, select the individual parameters.

Press the key to activate the parameter to be changed. The field is shown with a red background and white labeling. Perform the desired change using the

rotary knob and confirm it with the 🗲 key.

The following parameters can be changed in the Service screen:

• Display contrast Two settings are available to adjust the display contrast:

0 = dark, 1 = bright

• Cursor speed

The speed with which the cursor moves over the screen can be adjusted in steps of 10 in the range from 50 (fast) to 200 (fast).

• Language Italian (0), English (1) and German (2) can be selected for screen display.



• Def. Ratio Plasma/Blood

This parameter sets the percentage share of plasma flow to blood flow during the separation of plasma. The setting is performed in steps of 1% in the range from 10% to 40%. The default setting is 20 %.

The plasma/blood ratio is relevant to patient safety, therefore confirmation of its change is required.

- Def. PPL Threshold This parameter sets the limiting value for the automatic plasma flow adaptation during therapy. The setting is performed in steps of 5 mmHg in the range from -20 to 120 mmHg. The default setting is 20 mmHg.
- Def. Ratio Dialysate/Plasma:

This parameter sets the ratio of the dialysate flow in relationship to the plasma flow during the therapy and reinfusion. The setting is performed in steps of 1 in the range from 4 to 12. The default setting is 4.

The ratio of dialysate/plasma is a parameter relevant to patient safety, therefore confirmation of its change is required.

- Def. Plasma Reinfusion Flow This parameter sets the Plasma Reinfusion Flow default value on the Default screen: in the range of 10-50 ml/min (First default: 30 ml/min). In every therapy the Reinfusion Flow is set to this default value after a new therapy selection.
- Date
- Date, month and year are set successively.
- Time

Hours and minutes are set successively.

The modification of the following parameters must be

confirmed with the key since they are relevant to patient safety:

- Def. Ratio Plasma/Blood
- Def. Ratio Dialysate/Plasma.

Software Version 2 . 6 .: Control = 2166 - 599F Supervisor = C .56 - 599F Supervisor = C .56 - 599F Top Level = 705E - 6713 Tools Version : Font = 9828 Images = 7052 Messages = 7626 Serial Number 0.5004 LLB hv code 001 Heparin Syringe B Braun 30 Treatments 00168 [nr] Working time 00772 [hours]	DPTMTNG     Stand-by 100       Setting     20       Def. Ratio Plasma/Blood     20       %     1       Cursor Speed     50       Language     1       Def. Ratio Plasma/Blood     20       %     96f. PPL Threshold     20       Def. Ratio Dialysate/Plasma     4       Def. Plasma Reinf. Flow     30     m/min
	15:30:00
SETTING	Back ? Selection ?

If a parameter is relevant to patient safety, the currently set value is shown in the Setting window above the setting range. In addition, the LEDs above

the key blink.

To quit the screen for setting the parameters, press the

key. The cursor changes back to the menu bar of the Service screen.

If no settings are changed for more than 15 seconds, the screen automatically reverts back to the previously set screen.

In the menu bar, select <Back Selection>, confirm

this input with the key and return to the Start screen.

		nd- by [00]
Software Version 2, 6.: Control = 2166 - 599F Supervisor = C 566 - D53B Top Level = 705E - 6713 Tools Version : Font = 9828 Images = 70A2 Messages = 7625 Serial Number LLB hw code U01 Heparin Syning B Braun 30 Treatments 00168 [nr] Working time 00772 [hours]	Cursor Speed     5       Language     2       Def. Ratio Plasma/Blood     2       Def. PPL Threshold     2       Def. Ratio Dialysate/Plasma     3       Def. Plasma Reinf. Flow     3       10.01.0     15:30:0	1 0 % 0 mmHg 4 0 mI/min 5 0
SETTING		ack ection ?

B|BRAUN SHARING EXPERTISE

# 8. ALARMS AND PROBLEM CORRECTION

- 8.1 ALARMS
- 8.1.1 Alarm Concept
- 8.1.2 List of Alarms
- 8.2 WARNINGS
- 8.2.1 Warning Concept
- 8.2.2 List of Warnings
- 8.3. PROBLEM CORRECTION
- 8.3.1 Balance Reset
- 8.3.2 Deaeration of the Heparin Adsorber
- 8.3.3 Changing the Solution Bags
- 8.3.4 Changing the Plasma Filter
- 8.3.5 Changing the H.E.L.P. Precipitate Filter
- 8.3.6 Changing the H.E.L.P. Heparin Adsorber
- 8.3.7 Changing the H.E.L.P. Ultrafilter

#### 15:30 PRIMING **à à à à à** Stand- by [00] A 27: Weight test 2 error **O** mi **U** 🕒 0 mir Actua Rest 0 0 ml/h **1**0m 0 0 min PA 0 0 ml 200 -150 0 0 ml PU -20 0 0 0 KUF 250 Paramete Overview

### 8. 1 ALARMS

#### 8.1.1 Alarm Concept

An alarm situation always requires special attention and immediate processing by the user.

Alarms are displayed in the alarm/note line and accompanied by an acoustic alarm tone.



An active alarm is also indicated by the red LEDs

lighting above the key.

When an alarm occurs, the screen display automatically changes to the flow scheme showing the position (e.g. blinking number for pressure alarms) affected by the alarm. After correction of the alarm, the display automatically changes back to the initial screen. If the same alarm occurs again within 30 s, the initial screen display is maintained.

An alarm is normally corrected in two steps:

• Suppression of the alarm tone by pressing the



 Elimination of the cause of the alarm and subsequent acknowledgment of the alarm by



 Alarms which are caused by open pump covers
 (A 59, A 60, A 61, A 62) are self-regulating alarms. These alarms are corrected by closing the respective pump cover.

# 8.1.2 List of Alarms

!	If an alarm cannot be corrected with the measures described, if it occurs frequently and you cannot determine its cause or if a machine defect exists, please inform technical service.
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Code	Alarm Text	Alarm Cause	Corrective Action
A 01	Supervisor system not working properly	Hardware problem	<ul> <li>Acknowledge the alarm (twice). If the alarm is repeated switch the machine off and on again to eliminate a possible transient failure.</li> <li>If the problem cannot be solved, close the treatment immediately and inform technical service.</li> </ul>
A 02	Deviation between controller and supervisor state	Hardware problem	<ul> <li>Acknowledge the alarm (twice). If it is not possible switch the machine off and on again.</li> <li>If the problem cannot be solved, restart the machine completely or close the treatment immediately.</li> <li>If the problem cannot be solved with a machine restart inform technical service.</li> </ul>
A 03	Deviation of arterial pressure between controller and supervisor	Calibration or hardware problems	<ul> <li>Acknowledge the alarm (twice).</li> <li>If the problem cannot be solved, inform technical service.</li> </ul>
A 04	Deviation of venous pressure between controller and supervisor	Calibration or hardware problems	<ul> <li>Acknowledge the alarm (twice).</li> <li>If the problem cannot be solved, inform technical service.</li> </ul>
A 05	Deviation of weight fluid between controller and supervisor	Calibration or hardware problems	<ul> <li>Acknowledge the alarm (twice).</li> <li>If the problem cannot be solved, inform technical service.</li> </ul>
A 06	Deviation of temperature between controller and supervisor	Calibration or hardware problems	<ul> <li>Acknowledge the alarm (twice).</li> <li>If the problem cannot be solved, inform technical service.</li> </ul>
A 07	Blood leak detector (BLD) test failed	Hardware problem	<ul> <li>Acknowledge the alarm (twice). If the alarm is repeated switch the machine off and on again.</li> <li>If the problem cannot be solved, stop the treatment as soon as possible while visually inspecting for a possible blood leak in the plasma line.</li> <li>Inform technical service.</li> </ul>

Code	Alarm Text	Alarm Cause	Corrective Action
A 08	Safety air detector (SAD) test failed	Hardware problem	<ul> <li>Acknowledge the alarm (twice). If the alarm is repeated switch the machine off and on again.</li> <li>If the problem cannot be solved, stop the treatment immediately taking care to visually inspect for air bubbles in the venous return line.</li> <li>Then inform technical service.</li> </ul>
A 09	Weight system test failed	Hardware problem	<ul> <li>Acknowledge the alarm (twice). If the alarm is repeated switch the machine off and on again.</li> <li>If the problem cannot be solved, stop the therapy immediately then close the treatment with reinfusion.</li> <li>Inform technical service.</li> </ul>
A 10	User interface not communicating	Hardware problem	<ul> <li>Acknowledge the alarm (twice). If the alarm is repeated switch the machine off and on again to eliminate a possible transient failure.</li> <li>If the problem cannot be solved, stop the treatment immediately and inform technical service.</li> </ul>
A 13	Arterial pressure (PA) not zero	Consumables already or still mounted	• Remove all consumables from the machine.
A 14	Prefilter pressure (PBE) not zero	Consumables already or still mounted	• Remove all consumables from the machine.
A 15	Venous pressure (PV) not zero	Consumables already or still mounted	• Remove all consumables from the machine.
A 16	Load cell not empty or load cell error	Consumables already or still mounted	Remove all consumables from the machine.
A 17	Line in SAD not empty or SAD error	Consumables already or still mounted	Remove all consumables from the machine.
A 18	Chamber in PCLD not empty or PCLD error	Consumables already or still mounted	• Remove all consumables from the machine.
A 19	Chamber in HCLD not empty or HCLD error	Consumables already or still mounted	• Remove all consumables from the machine.
A 20	Line in DAD not empty or DAD error	Consumables already or still mounted	• Remove all consumables from the machine.
A 21	Power relay test failed	Defective hardware	• Switch the machine off and on again and restart the machine.
A 22	Heater relay test failed	Defective hardware	• Switch the machine off and on again and restart the machine.
A 25	Check correct insertion return line	In the priming and rinsing phase, a test is performed to determine whether the pump segment of the plasma/buffer pump is correctly inserted. This test failed.	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The pump segment is correctly inserted in the plasma/ buffer pump.</li> </ul>

Code	Alarm Text	Alarm Cause	Corrective Action
A 26	Weight test 1 error - Is PCLD chamber full ?	It was determined with weight test 1 that the plasma/buffer pump does not deliver correctly. • Malfunction of the plasma/buffer pump • Malfunction of the load cell	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The seal on the saline bag is open.</li> <li>The clamp on the buffer line is open.</li> <li>The buffer line is not kinked or clamped.</li> <li>The plasma/buffer pump segment is not inserted crosswise and in the correct direction.</li> <li>After eliminating the the cause of the alarm and acknowledging the alarm, the test is automatically repeated.</li> </ul>
A 27	Weight test 2 error	It was determined with the weight test 2 that the dialysate pump does not deliver correctly. • Dialysate flow obstructed • Malfunction of the load cell	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The seals of the dialysate bags are open.</li> <li>The clamps of the dialysate lines are open.</li> <li>The dialysate line is not kinked or clamped.</li> <li>The bags are hanging motionless on the load cell.</li> <li>After eliminating the the cause of the alarm and acknowledging the alarm, the test is automatically repeated.</li> </ul>
A 28	DAD test failed	<ul><li>An error occurred during the DAD check.</li><li>Malfunction of DAD</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The dialysate line is inserted in the air detector for the dialysate (DAD).</li> <li>The clamps on the dialysate line are open.</li> <li>The seals of the dialysate bags are open.</li> <li>The connections between the dialysate bags and the dialysate line are firmly seated.</li> <li>After eliminating the the cause of the alarm and acknowledging the alarm, the test is automatically repeated.</li> </ul>
A 29	Pressure test failed	Pressure build-up and pressure holding test failed	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The PBE pressure transducer is screwed on correctly.</li> <li>The venous line was inserted in the safety air clamp (SAK).</li> <li>All lines were installed according to instruction.</li> <li>The venous pressure transducer (PV) is correctly screwed on.</li> </ul>
A 30	Leak test failure / venous lead inserted in SAK ?	An error occurred during the check of the safety air clamp (SAK) and the line leakage test.	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The venous line is inserted in the safety air clamp (SAK).</li> <li>The connections between the lines and the filters are firmly seated.</li> <li>The venous pressure transducer (PV) is correctly screwed on.</li> <li>After eliminating the the cause of the alarm and acknowledging the alarm, the test is automatically repeated.</li> </ul>

Code	Alarm Text	Alarm Cause	Corrective Action
A31	Venous pressure test failed	An error occurred during the calibration of the venous pressure (PV) and the inlet pressure on the plasma filter (PBE).	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The pressure transducer for the PV is correctly screwed on.</li> <li>The pressure transducer for the PBE is correctly screwed on.</li> <li>The pump segment is inserted in the reinfusion pump.</li> <li>After eliminating the the cause of the alarm and acknowledging the alarm, the test is automatically repeated.</li> </ul>
A 32	Heater test failed	Malfunction of heater	Inform technical service.
A 33	HAK test failed, check insertion line?	Line not correctly inserted in HAK clamp	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The filtrate line is inserted correctly in the HAK clamp.</li> </ul>
A 34	2 ml air infused	SAD has detected a total of > 2 ml air	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The lines have no leaks. When leaks are found, replace the respective line.</li> <li>All components have been connected firmly and properly.</li> <li>The venous chamber is sufficiently filled. If required, fill the venous chamber manually.</li> </ul>
A 35	Blood leak detector (BLD) calibration failed	Malfunction of blood leak detector	Inform technical service.
A 36	Blood leakage from plasma filter	The BLD detects a blood leak or larger air bubbles in the line	<ul> <li>Perform a visual inspection of the line after the plasma filter. Replace the plasma filter when a blood leak is found (see 8.3.4).</li> <li>If air bubbles are found, check the connections for firm seating and the lines for possible damage.</li> </ul>
A 37	Air in venous line, set PV to -50 mmHg and acknowledge alarm	Air found in venous line	<ul> <li>Clamp shut the venous line with the clamp between the plasma filter (venous outlet) and the venous chamber.</li> <li>Using the level adjustment button of the venous air chamber, adjust the PV to – 50 mmHg.</li> <li>The safety air clamp (SAK) opens automatically and the air is removed from the venous line into the venous chamber.</li> <li>Open the clamp on the venous line.</li> <li>Acknowledge the alarm.</li> <li>Continue the treatment.</li> <li>Using the level adjustment button, manually adjust the level in the venous air chamber again.</li> </ul>
A 38	Minimum arterial pressure (PA)	Arterial pressure too low	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The arterial access is free and properly connected.</li> <li>If necessary, reduce the blood flow.</li> </ul>

rective Action
nsure that: The arterial access is free and properly connected. necessary, increase the blood flow.
nsure that: The venous access is free and properly connected.
nsure that: The venous access is free and properly connected. The venous line is not kinked or clamped.
nsure that: The arterial access is free and properly connected. The buffer line is not kinked or clamped.
nsure that: The venous access is free and properly connected. The venous line is not kinked or clamped.
nsure that: The blood flow/plasma flow ratio is approximately 1:3. The plasma filter is unobstructed and functional. Replace the plasma filter if it is obstructed (see 8.3.4). necessary, reduce the plasma flow.
heck the plasma line and replace it if you nd a defect.
nsure that: The clamp on the buffer line is open. The seal of the acetate buffer bag is open. The acetate buffer bag is not empty. The level in the PPF chamber is not high and especially the PPF protector is not wet.
nsure that: The lines after the precipitate chamber are not kinked or clamped. The pump segment of the reinfusion pump is correctly inserted. The precipitate filter is not saturated. If the precipitate filter is saturated, a rise of the PDPA occurs in parallel. Replace the filter in this case (see 8.3.5). The heparin adsorber is permeable. If this is not the case, replace the heparin adsorber (see 8.3.6). The dialyzer is permeable. If this is not the case, replace the dialyzer (see 8.3.7). necessary, reduce the plasma flow or the einfusion flow.
necess

Code	Alarm Text	Alarm Cause	Corrective Action
A 48	Minimum dialysis filter pressure (PDF)	Dialyzer pressure too low (< -50 mmHg) Plasma flow too low	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>There is no dialyzer leakage. If this is the case, replace the dialyzer (see 8.3.7).</li> <li>If necessary, increase the plasma flow.</li> </ul>
A 49	Maximum dialysis filter pressure (PDF)	Dialyzer pressure too high	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The lines after the dialyzer are not kinked or clamped.</li> <li>The pump segment is correctly inserted in the reinfusion pump.</li> <li>The dialysate drain line is not kinked or clamped.</li> <li>The clamps on the dialysate drain are open.</li> </ul>
A 50	Minimum dialysate inlet pressure (PDI)	Dialysate inlet pressure too low Defective dialysate pump	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The clamps on the dialysate line are open.</li> <li>The seals of the dialysate bags are open.</li> </ul>
A 51	Maximum dialysate inlet pressure (PDI)	Dialysate inlet pressure too high	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The warming bag is inserted correctly and without kinks.</li> <li>The line between the dialyzer and the plate warmer is not kinked or clamped.</li> </ul>
A 53	Maximum transmembrane pressure (TMP)	Transmembrane pressure too high Defective pressure sensors for PV, PPL or PBE	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The venous pressure (PV) is not too high.</li> <li>The plasma prefilter pressure (PBE) is not too high.</li> <li>The plasma filter is not clogged. If this is the case, replace the filter (see 8.3.4).</li> <li>The blood flow/plasma flow ratio is approximately 1:3.</li> <li>The pressure transducers for PV, PPL and PPE are correctly seated and are dry.</li> <li>If necessary, increase the blood flow.</li> <li>If necessary, reduce the blood flow.</li> </ul>
A 54	Maximum precipitate filter/adsorber pressure drop (PDPA)	Pressure drop between precipitate filter and adsorber too high	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The precipitate filter is not saturated. If this is the case, replace the filter (see 8.3.5).</li> <li>The lines between the precipitate filter and the adsorber are not kinked or clamped.</li> </ul>
A 55	Low PPF chamber level. Check air bubbles in chamber and locking.	PPF chamber level sensor detects air	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The buffer line is not kinked or clamped.</li> <li>The seal of the acetate buffer bag is open.</li> <li>The acetate buffer bag is not empty.</li> <li>The PPF chamber is positioned and the level sensor is locked properly.</li> <li>No air bubble is attached to the inner chamber wall.</li> </ul>
A 56	Air in heparin adsorber chamber	HCLD detects air Defect of automatic level adjustment	• Check whether the precipitate filter is saturated. If this is the case, replace the filter (see 8.3.5).

Code	Alarm Text	Alarm Cause	Corrective Action
A 57	Air in dialysate line	DAD detects air	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The dialysate bags are full.</li> <li>The clamps of the dialysate lines are open.</li> <li>The seals of the dialysate bags are open.</li> <li>The dialysate line is not damaged and the connections to the bags are tight. Replace the line if it is damaged.</li> </ul>
A 58	Stop of blood pump too long !	Blood pump stop > 120 s	• Start the blood pump to eliminate the alarm and to acknowledge the error.
A 59	Blood pump cover open	Blood pump cover open, magnetic sensor of pump defective	Close the pump cover.
A 60	Plasma/ buffer pump cover open	Plasma/buffer pump cover open Magnetic sensor of pump defective	Close the pump cover.
A 61	Plasma return pump cover open	Reinfusion pump cover open Magnetic sensor of pump defective	Close the pump cover.
A 62	Dialysate pump cover open	Cover of dialysate pump open Magnetic sensor of pump defective	Close the pump cover.
A 63	Blood pump speed error	Wrong speed of blood pump Defective blood pump	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The pump segment is correctly inserted in the blood pump.</li> </ul>
A 64	Plasma/buffer pump speed error	Wrong speed of plasma/buffer pumps Pump defective	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The pump segment is correctly inserted in the plasma/ buffer pump</li> </ul>
A 65	Plasma return pump speed error	Wrong speed of reinfusion pump Reinfusion pump defective	
A 66	Dialysate pump speed error	Wrong speed of dialysate pump Defective dialysate pump	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The pump segment is correctly inserted in the dialysate pump.</li> </ul>
A 67	Dialysate temperature out of limits	Dialysate too warm (> 41.5°C for > 10 s) Defective heating element	Close the cover of the plate warmer.
A 68	Excessive weight change, check bags and lines !	Weight variation between 50 and 200 g for more than 5 s or weight variation > 200 g	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The bags are hanging motionless on the load cell.</li> <li>The lines are hanging free and do not pull on the bags on the load cell.</li> <li>The bags do not move too much.</li> <li>This alarm is also activated if a bag has been removed from or added to the load cell. In this case, please correct the error.</li> </ul>

Code	Alarm Text	Alarm Cause	Corrective Action
A 69	Balance error	Balance error > 200 g Defect of plasma/buffer pump, of reinfusion pump or of load cell	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The seals of the saline bags and of the dialysate bags are open.</li> <li>The lines are not kinked or clamped.</li> <li>The clamps on the buffer line and on the dialysate line are open.</li> <li>The dialysate line is inserted into the support on the load cell.</li> <li>The pump segments are correctly inserted.</li> </ul>
A 70	Weight too high or load cell empty	Weight > 24500 g or weight < 50 g	<ul><li>Reduce the weight on the load cell.</li><li>Place the bags back to the load cell.</li></ul>
A 73	High PPF chamber level	PPF chamber level is too high, PPF protector is wet. No PPF pressure increase in case of closed HAK clamp.	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The PPF chamber level is not too high and PPF protector is not wet.</li> <li>The PPF protector is connected properly.</li> <li>The PPF chamber is positioned and the level sensor is locked properly.</li> <li>No air bubble is attached to the inner chamber wall.</li> </ul>
A 74	PPF protector is not connected	No pressure change on PPF.	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The PPF protector is connected properly.</li> </ul>
		which are ac opera the ac	ns marked with (S) (A 80 – A 104) are alarms in are generated by the supervisor. If these alarms ctive, it is possible that the controller does not te correctly. If an alarm cannot be corrected with ctions suggested below or if it occurs frequently, in technical service.
A 80	(S) SAD clock error, switch off and on	It was not possible to synchronize the SAD status between the controller and the supervisor.	Switch the machine off and on.
A 81	(S) Blood pump speed error	Wrong speed of blood pump Defective blood pump	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The pump segment is correctly inserted in the blood pump.</li> </ul>
A 82	(S) Plasma/buffer pump speed error	Wrong speed of plasma/buffer pump Defective plasma/buffer pump	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The pump segment is correctly inserted in the plasma/ buffer pump.</li> </ul>
A 83	(S) Plasma return pump speed error	Wrong speed of reinfusion pump Reinfusion pump defective	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The pump segment is correctly inserted in the reinfusion pump.</li> </ul>
A 84	(S) Dialysate pump speed error	Wrong speed of dialysate pump Defective dialysate pump	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The pump segment is correctly inserted in the dialysate pump.</li> </ul>

Code	Alarm Text	Alarm Cause	Corrective Action
A 85	Heparin pump problem. Check pump or syringe.	Syringe empty or Current position of heparin pump wrong	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The syringe is not empty.</li> <li>The lock on the heparin pump support is closed.</li> <li>The guide of the heparin pump is no longer in the maximum upper position.</li> </ul>
A 86	(S) Blood pump stop for too long !	Blood pump stop > 150 sec	• Start the blood pump to eliminate the alarm and to acknowledge the error.
A 87	(S) Dialysate temperature above maximum limit !	Temperature of dialysate too high (> 42°C for > 20 s) Defective heating element	Inform technical service.
A 88	(S) Venous pressure (PV) out of limits	Venous pressure too high or too low	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The venous access is free and properly connected.</li> <li>The venous line is not kinked, clamped or damaged.</li> </ul>
A 89	(S) Arterial pressure out of limits	Arterial pressure too high or too low	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The arterial access is free and properly connected.</li> <li>The arterial line is not kinked or clamped.</li> <li>If required, reduce the blood flow if the arterial pressure (PA) is too low.</li> <li>If required, increase the blood flow if the arterial pressure is too high.</li> </ul>
A 90	(S) Safety air detector (SAD) test failed !	Calibration or hardware problems	• Switch the machine off and on again.
A 91	(S) Air in venous line	Air found in venous line	<ul> <li>Clamp the venous line with the clamp between the plasma filter (venous outlet) and the venous chamber.</li> <li>Connect a syringe to the venous chamber and manually suck out the air from the venous line.</li> <li>Open the clamp on the venous line.</li> <li>Acknowledge the alarm.</li> <li>Continue the treatment.</li> <li>Using the level adjustment button of the venous air chamber, readjust the level in the venous air chamber.</li> </ul>
A 92	(S) 3 ml air infused	SAD has detected a total of > 3 ml air	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The lines have no leaks. When leaks are found, replace the respective line.</li> <li>All components have been connected firmly and properly.</li> <li>The venous chamber is sufficiently filled. If required, fill the venous chamber manually.</li> </ul>
A 93	(S) Heparin pump test failed !	Heparin pump slider in false position during the test	• The heparin pump slider may not be fully inserted. Place the heparin pump slider into a different position.
A 94	(S) SAD reference test error !	Calibration or hardware problems	Switch the machine off and on again.

Code	Alarm Text	Alarm Cause	Corrective Action
A 95	(S) Line in SAD not empty or SAD error	Consumables already or still mounted	• Remove all consumables from the machine.
A 96	(S) Load cell not empty or load cell error	Consumables already or still mounted	• Remove all consumables from the machine.
A 97	(S) Venous pressure (PV) not zero !	Consumables already or still mounted	• Remove all consumables from the machine.
A 98	(S) Arterial pressure (PA) not zero !	Consumables already or still mounted	• Remove all consumables from the machine.
A 99	(S) Control system not working properly !	Erroneous controller or user interface function	<ul> <li>Acknowledge the alarm (twice). If it is not possible switch the machine off and on again to eliminate a possible transient failure.</li> <li>If the problem cannot be solved, close the treatment immediately and inform technical service.</li> </ul>
A 100	(S) SAD clock test failed. Switch off and on	Erroneous SAD clock function	<ul><li>Switch the machine off and on.</li><li>If alarm remains after power off, call service.</li></ul>
A 103	(S) Balance error	Balance error > 500 g Defect of plasma/buffer pump, of reinfusion pump or of load cell	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The seals of the saline bags and of the dialysate bags are open.</li> <li>The lines are not kinked or clamped.</li> <li>The clamps on the buffer line and on the dialysate line are open.</li> <li>The dialysate line is inserted into the support on the load cell.</li> <li>The pump segments are correctly inserted.</li> </ul>
A 104	(S) Plasma volume error	Count error of Plasma treated volume	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The plasma lines are not kinked or clamped.</li> <li>The pump segments are correctly inserted.</li> </ul>

#### **a a a a a** 15:30 PRIMING Stand- by [00] W 28: Balance error ---🕒 0 min Actual Rest 0.0 m/h 💧 1.0 ml 0 0 min PA 0 0 O mi 200 -150 Î 0 0 ml PU -20 0 mmHg Říuf 0 0 0 250 Parameter Overview Flow Star Param 2





OK key for acknowledging a warning

#### 8. 2 WARNINGS

### 8.2.1 Warning Concept

Warnings are given when:

- The user should perform a certain action.
- A certain state must be pointed out to the user.

Warnings are always accompanied by acoustic warning tones.

Warnings which serve to point out a situation are displayed in the Alarm / Note field.

Warnings requiring an action are displayed in a Warning window, they must be acknowledged with the



key (<Press 'OK' to proceed>) to continue in the respective phase.

This kind of warnings are also indicated by the yellow ΟΚ LEDs lighting above the key.



# 8.2.2 List of Warnings

M = display in the Message box, T = display in the Alarm/Note line

Code	Warning Text	Reason for Warning	Corrective Action	
W 01	Plasma pump starts after pressurization blood side	Indication that the arterial line is filled and the filling phase is continuing.		Т
W 03	Press 'OK' to confirm safety data	Safety query when parameters with safety relevance have been changed	<ul> <li>The changed parameters have safety relevance. Check the setting thoroughly and confirm with the key.</li> </ul>	Μ
W 04	Turn dialyzer (blue side down) !	In the filling phase, the next handling step is indicated.	Turn over the dialyzer and confirm with the key	Μ
W 05	Therapy stop for too long !	Therapy interrupted for more than 5 minutes	<ul> <li>Continue the therapy.</li> <li>Select the <start therapy=""> command and confirm with the key.</start></li> </ul>	Т
W 06	Therapy completed !	The end of the therapy is indicated.	Press the Key to change to the reinfusion phase.	M
W 08	Reinfusion stop for too long !	Reinfusion interrupted for more than 5 minutes	<ul> <li>Continue the reinfusion.</li> <li>Select the <start reinfusion=""> command and confirm with the key.</start></li> </ul>	Т
W 09	Check lines and bags !	Deviation of total weight on the load cell in bypass	<ul> <li>Check the bags and lines and perform the necessary corrections.</li> <li>Press the ok key to continue.</li> </ul>	Μ
W 10	Plasma vol. > 3 I. Change buffer bag and check dialysate bags	Solution volume not sufficient for continuation of the treatment.	<ul> <li>Remove the buffer bag and hang on a new one.</li> <li>If necessary, remove the full drain bags and hang on new dialysate bags.</li> <li>Press the ok key to continue.</li> <li>For changing the solution bags, see chapter 8.3.3.</li> </ul>	M
W 11	<ol> <li>Connect reinfusion and buffer lines to saline solution</li> <li>Clamp plasma line at out of plasma filter</li> <li>Turn plasma and precipitate filters</li> <li>Turn heparin adsorber</li> </ol>	Information for preparing the plasma reinfusion	• Follow the instructions on the monitor and then press the key to continue.	M

Code	Warning Text	Reason for Warning	Corrective Action	
W 12	Plasma reinfusion completed ! For Blood Reinfusion Stop Blood Pump (do not press 'OK') or for further Plasma Reinfusion Press 'OK' to proceed !	Plasma reinfusion completed, information concerning the preparation for blood reinfusion	<ul> <li>Follow the instructions on the monitor to change to the blood reinfusion or press</li> <li>the key to continue plasma reinfusion.</li> </ul>	Μ
W 14	Compulsory rinsing completed. Set new value to continue rinsing.	The minimum rinsing volume of 2400 ml has been reached.	<ul> <li>Confirm the warning with the key.</li> <li>Change to the therapy mode when you consider the rinsing volume to be sufficient.</li> <li>Increase the rinsing volume (see chapter 4) and therefore extend the rinsing phase, if required (e.g. when replacing a filter during the rinsing phase).</li> </ul>	Μ
W 15	Connect buffer – seal and clamp opened ?	Confirmation before the start of the therapy.	Check the positions given on the monitor and confirm with the key to continue.	M
W 16	Press 'OK' to return to menu selection !	Information for quitting the screen when adjusting the parameters	Press the key to return from <parameter setting=""> to the menu bar.</parameter>	Т
W 17	Blood reinfusion completed !	Information that blood reinfusion is completed.	<ul> <li>Remove the venous line from the patient and terminate the treatment.</li> <li>Increase the blood reinfusion volume (see chapter 6) and continue reinfusion if you consider it necessary.</li> </ul>	Т
W 18	Break seals and open all clamps !	Confirmation at the start of priming and rinsing	Follow the instructions on the monitor and confirm with the key to continue.	M
W 19	Press 'OK' to exclude BLD alarms !	Is offered as an option after three BLD alarms	Press the ok key to override the BLD alarm.	M
W 20	BLD alarms excluded !	Information when the BLD alarm has been overridden by accepting the W19 option.		Т
W 21	<ol> <li>Connect art. line to saline solution bag</li> <li>Connect reinfusion line to venous chamber</li> </ol>	Confirmation before the blood reinfusion.	Check the positions given on the monitor and confirm with the key to continue.	Μ

Code	Warning Text	Reason for Warning	Corrective Action	
W 22	Arterial pressure (PA) does not change by blood flow	The machine does not register a change of the PA while the blood pump is running.	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The arterial pressure transducer (PA) is correctly connected and dry.</li> <li>If the error cannot be corrected, the pressure transducer or the pressure sensor is defective.</li> </ul>	Τ
W 23	Low dialysate inlet pressure (PDI)	Information when the inlet pressure of the dialysate is too low.	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The clamps on the dialysate line are open.</li> <li>Increase the plasma flow.</li> </ul>	Т
W 24	Balance error > 300 g Check lines and bags !	Balancing error of more than 300 g	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>Bags and lines are hanging free.</li> <li>There is no leakage on bags and lines.</li> <li>The bags are hanging motionless.</li> </ul>	M
W 25	Balance error > 400 g Check lines and bags ! END OF THERAPY IS RECOMMENDED	Balancing error of more than 400 g	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>Bags and lines are hanging free.</li> <li>There is no leakage on bags and lines.</li> <li>The bags are hanging motionless.</li> <li>If none of the errors listed above exists, stop the therapy or perform a balance reset (see 8.3.1).</li> </ul>	Μ

	Λ	Risk to patient due to impact on the patient's fluid
	!	balance.
CAL	UTION	Perform the balance reset only when you are
0.11		sure that the balancing error does not concern
		the patient!

W 26	Reinfusion volume wrong	The weight variation on load cell differs of  150g  from reinfused plasma in plasma reinfusion.	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>Buffer line is connected to the saline solution.</li> <li>Bags and lines are hanging free.</li> </ul>	Т
W 28	Balance error	Balancing error of > 200 g	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>Bags and lines are hanging free.</li> <li>There is no leakage on bags and lines.</li> <li>The bags are hanging motionless.</li> </ul>	Т
W 29	Are you sure to reset patient balance?	Safety query during balance reset	• Confirm with the key when you are sure that you wish to perform the balance reset.	Μ
W 30	Control system not communicating	Controller problem	• Switch the machine off and on again. If the problem cannot be solved, inform technical service.	Т
W 31	Supervisor system not communicating	Supervisor problem	<ul> <li>Switch the machine off and on again. If the problem cannot be solved, inform technical service.</li> </ul>	Τ
W 32	Activate therapy mode ?	Prompt for changing to therapy mode	Confirm with the key.	Μ

Code	Warning Text	Reason for Warning	Corrective Action	
W 33	Heparin bolus ml.	Safety query before administering the set heparin bolus	<ul> <li>Press the key to administer the heparin bolus.</li> <li>If you do not wish to administer the heparin bolus, wait 5 s for the Warning window to disappear.</li> </ul>	M
W 35	Activate reinfusion?	Prompt for changing to reinfusion mode	Press the key to change to the reinfusion phase.	Μ
W 36	Are you sure to start a new therapy? Return to this therapy is not possible.	Information before returning to the Start screen.	Press the key if you wish to return to the Start screen.	M

Note that the data of the currently performed therapy are deleted when you return to the Start screen.

W 37	Selftests completed, check	Confirmation of the		Τ
	characters and press ENTER	successfully performed initial selftest	<ul> <li>Select 'END' softkey and press .</li> </ul>	
W 39	Power fail eliminated ! Check lines, filters and parameter setting, restart !	Information after a power failure	<ul> <li>Press the key after verification of the required positions to continue therapy.</li> </ul>	Μ
W 41	Open plasma clamp and close venous clamp!	Confirmation in the middle of blood reinfusion (after 150 ml)	Press the key after opening/closing the respective clamps to continue blood reinfusion.	Μ
W 42	Set Plasma Flow is too low. Increase Blood or Plasma Flow.	Information that the required Plasma Flow is too low (< 2 ml/min)	<ul> <li>Increase the Blood Flow or increase the Plasma Flow value.</li> </ul>	Т
W 43	Attention! Precipitate filter rupture possible! Check PPF chamber level, PPF protector and connection Or check air bubbles in chamber and chamber locking.	PPF chamber level is too high, PPF protector is wet. No PPF pressure increase in case of closed HAK clamp. (This warning appears together with alarm A73)	<ul> <li>Ensure that:</li> <li>The PPF chamber level is not too high and PPF protector is not wet.</li> <li>The PPF protector is connected properly.</li> <li>The PPF chamber is positioned and the level sensor is locked properly.</li> <li>No air bubble is attached to the inner chamber wall.</li> <li>Then press the key after examination to continue therapy.</li> </ul>	M
W 44	W44: Patient Balance too high or Plasma Flow too low. Please adjust.	The required Patient Balance cannot be reached in the remaining therapy time. Balance error might occur later during the course of the treatment.	Reduce the Patient Balance value or increase the Plasma Volume value or increase Plasma Flow value.	T

Code	Warning Text	Reason for Warning	Corrective Action	
W 45	W45: Dialysate bags nearly empty. Change bags if necessary.	The dialysate bags are nearly empty since the ratio dialysate/plasma is > 1:4 and 15 l of dialysate were used	<ul> <li>Remove the full drain bags and the empty dialysate bags and replace them with empty drain bags and new dialysate bags, respectively.</li> </ul>	М

#### 8. 3 PROBLEM CORRECTION

#### 8.3.1 Balance Reset

Balance error > 200 g

For a balance error > 200 g, the alarm < A69: Balance error!> and the warning <W28: Balance error> are displayed. Check whether:

- The bags are hanging correctly on the load cell.
- All seals and clamps are open.
- All lines are free from kinks. •



Acknowledge the alarm with the with the keys after you have eliminated the cause of the error. The warning <W28: Balance error> is displayed until the balance error has been compensated.

Balance error > 300 g

If the balance error remains and exceeds a value of 300 g, the alarm <A69: Balance error !> is initiated and the warning  $\langle W24$ : Balance error  $\rangle$  300 g, check lines and bags !> displayed.

Check the system as described above. Acknowledge the



alarm and the warning with the and the keys after you have eliminated the cause of the error. The warning <W28: Balance error> is displayed until the balance error has been compensated.

Balance error > 400 g

If it was not possible to correct the balance error with the measures described above and it exceeds a value of 400 g, the alarm <A69: Balance error !> is initiated again and the warning <W25: Balance error > 400 g END OF THERAPY IS RECOMMENDED> is displayed.

The end of therapy is recommended to exclude a balance error in the fluid balance of the patient. Terminate the therapy as described in chapter 6.



Risk to patient due to impact on the patient's fluid balance.

Perform the balance reset only when you are sure that the balancing error does not concern the patient!

Balance Reset

Starting with a balance error > 200 g, the <Balance Reset> menu item under <Additional Functions> can

be selected by turning the knob and pressing the key. Warning W29: <Are you sure to reset Patient

Balance?> is displayed. Press **OK** to proceed.

During a balance reset, the load cell is newly tared.
The data of the balance reset are saved and shown in
the Parameter Overview. Every reset performed in the
course of the therapy is saved and the values are
summated.

		-			
	<b>15:3</b>	2	THERA	PY	Stand- by
W25: Balar	nce error > 400 g				
<b></b>	0 ml/min		<b>(</b>	0	ml/min
🕒 0 min				Actual	Rest
	0.0 m//h 🍐	1.0 ml	$\mathbf{\underline{\nabla}}$	00:00	00:00 hh:mm
PA -150	0	mmHg 200	Ā	0	<b>3000</b> ml
PBE	0	250	<b>Šíu</b> f	0	Stop Bolus
PU	0	mmHg	PPL		Heparin Hg Bolus
-20		250	-20		Balance Reset 50
	ain Flow meter Scheme	Parameter Setting	r Stop Therapy	End of Therap	

	15:30 10.01.02	THERAPY		Stand- by	
Therapy Time	00:00 hh:mm	PA	0 mm	MIN Hg -150	MAX 200
Plasma Volume Patient Balance Blood Flow	0 ml 0 g 0 ml/min 4	PBE PV PPL		Hg - 20	250 250 200
<ul> <li>Plasma Flow</li> <li>Return Flow</li> </ul>	0 ml/min 4 0 ml/min 4	TMP PPF		Hg Hg -50	100 450
Heparin Flow Heparin Bolus Autostop Heparin	0.0 m/h 1.0 m 0 min	PDF PDPA PDI		Hg	450 450 450
Tot. Hep. Infused Temperature Rinsing Volume	0.0 ™ 39.0 ∝ 2400 ™	PPL Threshold Ratio Dialysate/Plas	ma	20 4	mmHg
Reset Balance Volu Parameter Overview Paramete	Flow Param	eter Start	End of Therapy	Additional Functions	<b>^</b> ?

## 8.3.2 Deaeration of the Heparin Adsorber

If the fluid level in the heparin adsorber drops during the therapy, it can refilled.

- During the treatment, remove the feed line to the heparin adsorber from the heparin adsorber clamp (HAK).
- Select the <Stop Therapy> function to go to the bypass mode (blood pump is turning, plasma-side pumps stand still).
- Place a clamp on the filtrate line behind the precipitate filter and on the line to the PDF pressure transducer.
- Turn over the heparin adsorber by 180°.
- Press the ▲ key of the manual level adjustment of the heparin adsorber air chamber to draw the air out of the heparin adsorber and the line.
- Turn over again the heparin adsorber by 180°.
- Remove the clamps on the filtrate line and on the line to the PDF pressure transducer.
- Rotate the dialysate pump by two revolutions by hand.
- Restart the therapy by selecting the <Start Therapy> function.
- Correctly reinsert the feed line to the heparin adsorber into the heparin adsorber clamp (HAK).

!	Perform the refilling of the heparin adsorber without severe intervention on the pressure parameters!
	If necessary, repeat the operation.

## 8.3.3 Changing the Solution Bags

Change as a result of a defective bag

- Select the <Stop Therapy> function to go to the bypass mode (blood pump is turning, plasma-side pumps stand still).
- Attach a clamp to the bag to be exchanged and close the clamp on the feed line.
- Exchange the defective bag for a new bag.
- Break the seal of the new bag.
- Open the clamp of the feed line again.
- Confirm the warning W09 <Check lines and bags>

by pressing the **OK** key.

• Continue the treatment by selecting the <Start Therapy> function.

Change at a treatment volume > 3000 ml At a treatment volume > 3010 ml, the H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura automatically switches to bypass. The warning <W 10: Plasma vol. > 3 l. Change buffer bag and check dialysate bags> is displayed. Remove the full drain bags and replace them.

- Attach a clamp to the feeding buffer line.
- Remove the empty acetate buffer bag and replace it by a new prepared acetate buffer bag.
- Open the seal of the new acetate buffer bag.
- Reopen the clamp on the buffer line again.
- Check also whether sufficient dialysate is available and replace dialysate bags if necessary.



- Confirm the change by pressing the key.
- Continue the therapy by selecting the <Start Therapy> function.

Change of the dialysate bags if they are nearly empty

If the ratio dialysate/plasma is > 1:4 and the dialysate bags are nearly empty, the H.E.L.P. Plasmat® Futura automatically switches to bypass. The warning <W 45: Dialysate bags nearly empty. Change bags

if necessary.> is displayed.

- a) Exchange dialysate bags if more dialysate solution is required:
  - Attach a clamp to the feeding dialysate line.
  - Remove the empty dialysate bag and replace it by a newly prepared dialysate bag.
  - Open the seal of the new dialysate bag.
  - Reopen the clamp on the dialysate line again.
  - Repeat for the other dialysate bags if

necessary.

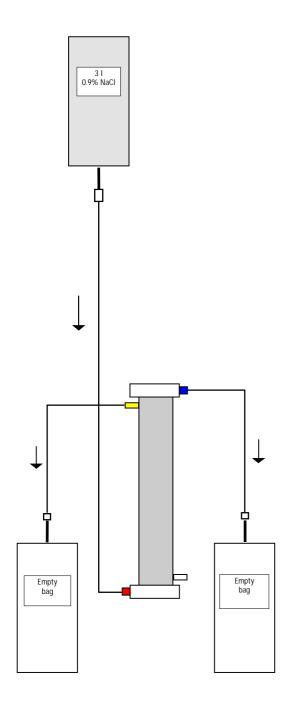
- Remove the full drain bags and replace them.
- Confirm the subsequent message box
   < W 09: Check lines and bags !> by pressing

the key.

b) The remaining amount of dialysate is sufficient for termination of the treatment:

• Confirm by pressing the key.

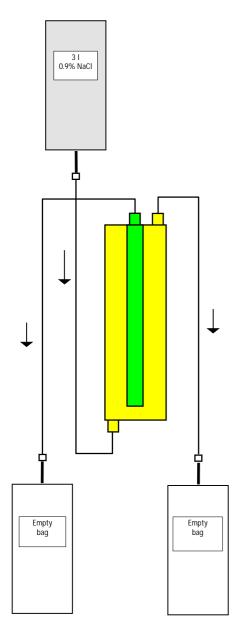
For the required number of dialysate bags please refer to chapter 9.3.8.



## 8.3.4 Changing the Plasma Filter

Material Haemoselect L 0.5	Article number 7061007C
2 x collection bags	7210929
3 I H.E.L.P. 0.9% NaCl solution	4107
3 connection lines	7210934
3 anti-contamination caps	
2 venting filters	
7500 IU heparin	

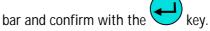
- Mix the H.E.L.P. 0.9% NaCl solution and 7500 IU heparin.
- Attach a connection line with the NaCl solution, fill the line and connect it with the blood-side filter inlet.
- Connect the remaining connection lines and the empty bags as shown in the Figure with the plasma and blood sides of the filter and clamp the line on the plasma side.
- Allow the rinse solution to flow by means of gravity into the blood-side empty bag.
- Hold the filter so that it is filled from the bottom to the top and thoroughly vented in the process.
- Open the plasma-side line when approximately half of the rinse solution has flown into the blood-side empty bag and clamp the blood-side line. Continue to rinse.
- Clamp shut all connection lines when the remaining rinse solution has flown through (be careful that no air enters the filter!) and remove the bags.
- Stop the blood pump, clamp shut the arterial and the venous plasma lines, remove the old filter and connect them with the new plasma filter in the correct orientation. Close the old filter with the anti-contamination caps.
- Reopen the blood and plasma lines and start the blood pump.



### 8.3.5 Changing the H.E.L.P. Precipitate Filter

Material	Article number
H.E.L.P. precipitate filter	7210931
2 x collection bags	7210929
3 I H.E.L.P. 0.9% NaCl solution	4107
3 connection lines	7210934
3 anti-contamination caps	

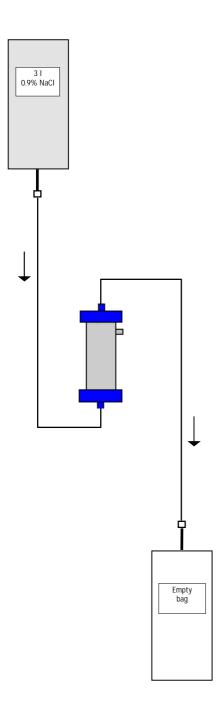
- Attach a connection line with the NaCl solution, fill the line and connect it with the bottom, precipitate-side filter opening.
- Connect the remaining connection lines and the empty bags as shown in the Figure with the upper precipitate and filtrate-side opening of the filter and clamp shut the line on the filtrate side.
- Allow the rinse solution to flow by means of gravity into the precipitate-side collection bag.
- Hold the filter so that it is filled from the bottom to the top and thoroughly vented in the process.
- Open the filtrate-side line when approximately half of the rinse solution has flown into the precipitateside empty bag and clamp shut the precipitate-side line. Continue to rinse.
- Clamp shut all connection lines when the remaining rinse solution has flown through (be careful that no air enters the filter!) and remove all bags.
- Switch the machine to bypass mode by selecting <Stop Priming> or <Stop Therapy> in the menu



- Clamp shut the filtrate line and the circulation line on both sides of the old precipitate filter, remove the old filter and then connect the new filter in the correct orientation with the lines. Close the old filter with the anti-contamination caps.
- Reopen the circulation and filtrate lines and continue the interrupted phase by selecting <Start Priming> or <Start Therapy> and confirm with the



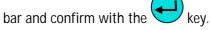
• Retain the exchanged filter until the end of the therapy, providing it has no leak. Connect it again in the reinfusion phase and then return the plasma. Increase the reinfusion volume accordingly.



## 8.3.6 Changing the H.E.L.P. Heparin Adsorber

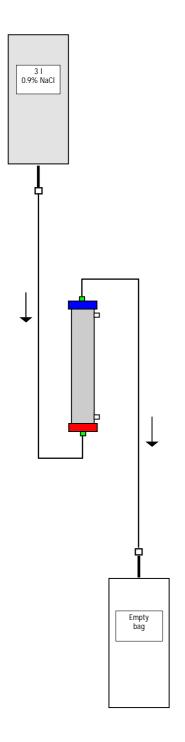
Material	Article number
H.E.L.P. heparin adsorber	7210933
1 x collection bags	7210929
3 I H.E.L.P. 0.9% NaCl solution	4107
2 connection lines	7210934

- Attach a connection line with the NaCl solution, fill the line and connect it to the inlet side of the heparin adsorber.
- Attach the second connection line and the collection bag as shown in the Figure to the outlet side of the heparin adsorber.
- Allow the rinse solution to flow by means of gravity into the empty bag.
- Hold the adsorber so that it is filled from the bottom to the top and thoroughly vented in the process.
- Clamp shut all connection lines when the remaining rinse solution has flown through (be careful that no air enters the adsorber!).
- Switch the machine to bypass mode by selecting <Stop Priming> or <Stop Therapy> in the menu



- Clamp shut the filtrate and the connection line on the adsorber, remove the old adsorber and connect the new adsorber in the correct orientation with the filtrate and the connection line (Observe the flow direction!). Connect the old adsorber with the connection lines on rinse solution and drain bag.
- Reopen the filtrate and connection lines and continue the interrupted phase by selecting <Start Priming> or <Start Therapy> and confirm with the

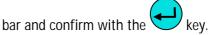




## 8.3.7 Changing the H.E.L.P. Ultrafilter

Accessories	Article number
H.E.L.P. Ultrafilter SMC 1,8	7210932
1 x collection bags	7210929
3 I H.E.L.P. 0.9% NaCl solution	4107
2 connection lines	7210934

- Attach a connection line with the NaCl solution, fill the line and connect it with the red, plasma-side filter opening.
- Attach the second connection line and the empty bag as shown in the Figure with the blue, plasmaside filter opening.
- Hold the filter so that it is filled from the bottom to the top and thoroughly vented in the process.
- Clamp shut both connection lines when approx. 1 I rinse solution has flown through (be careful that no air enters the filter!).
- Switch the machine to bypass mode by selecting <Stop Priming> or <Stop Therapy> in the menu



- Clamp shut the connection and reinfusion line leading to the dialyzer, remove the old filter and connect the new filter in the correct orientation to the connection and reinfusion lines. Connect the old filter with the connection lines on rinse solution and drain bag.
- Plug the Hansen connectors from the old onto the new filter (hold old filter horizontally!). Observe the color marking. Insert the new filter with the blue end down into the support.
- Fill the dialysate side of the filter by manually rotating the dialysate pump.
- Reopen the connection and reinfusion lines and continue the interrupted phase by selecting <Start Priming> or <Start Therapy> and confirm with the



## 9. TECHNICAL INFORMATION

- 9.1 TRANSPORTATION
- 9.1.1 Wheeling
- 9.1.2 Carrying
- 9.2 OPERATING CONDITIONS
- 9.2.1 Place of Installation
- 9.2.2 Initial Start-up
- 9.2.3 Service and Maintenance
- 9.2.4 Disposables, Consumables and Accessories / Replacement Parts
- 9.2.5 Cleaning and Disinfection

#### 9.3 TECHNICAL DATA

- 9.3.1 Technical Data General
- 9.3.2 Recommended Safe Distances
- 9.3.3 Technical Data Components
- 9.3.4 Extracorporeal Blood Circuit
- 9.3.5 Plasma Circuit
- 9.3.6 Dialysing Circuit
- 9.3.7 Weight System
- 9.3.8 Estimation of Required Number of Dialysate Bags
- 9.4 WARRANTY AND LIABILITY
- 9.4.1 Manufacturer Responsibility
- 9.4.2 Liability and Warranty

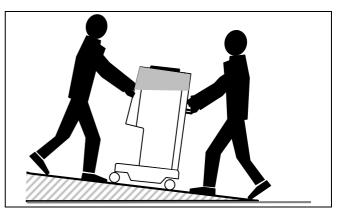
### 9.1 TRANSPORTATION

#### 9.1.1 Wheeling



Risk of damage if H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura is tilted by  $> 5^{\circ}!$ 

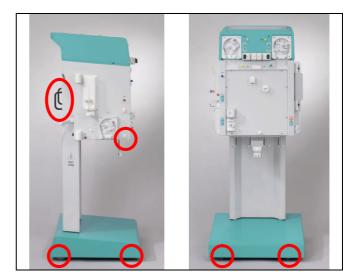
- ➤ Have 2 or more persons at hand for transporting the machine on stairs and inclined areas.
- ➤ Do not tilt the H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura by more than 5°.
- Press the green brake release button in order to release the brakes.
- > Wheel the H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura machine.
- Press the red brake locking button in order to apply the brakes.



Transport on stairs and slopes (2 persons)

## 9.1.2 Carrying

For carrying, the H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura can be held at the base, at the handles at the rear panel and at the protrusion at the front of the machine, as shown in the illustration below.



Holding points for carrying the H.E.L.P. Plasmat® Futura



Danger of damage due to incorrect transportation (wrong holding points)!

Do not hold machine on monitor, on the green top of the housing, or on infusion pole when transporting.

### 9.2 OPERATING CONDITIONS

!	The H.E.L.P. Plasmat <sup>®</sup> Futura may be operated only by trained specialist personnel. The instructions in the Operating Manuals for the machine, the disposables and consumables and the intended use must be followed.
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#### 9.2.1 Place of Installation

	Installation must be done only by qualified and
!	adequately trained staff.

Ambient conditions

Observe information about ambient conditions, see chapter 9.3.

Electrical connection

The existing mains voltage must correspond with the voltage specified on the type plate. The electrical installation of the room where the machine is installed must comply with the relevant regulations (VDE 01017/VDE 0100 or IEC provisions). National guidelines specific to each country must be taken into account. If in doubt, consult your in-house technician.

!	The H.E.L.P. Plasmat <sup>®</sup> Futura may be operated only when connected to grounding outlets which have been installed according to the regulations. Do not use an adapter or extension cord on the main cable.
	No equipment emitting electromagnetic radiation (e.g.

	No equipment emitting electromagnetic radiation (e.g.
1	mobile telephones) may be switched on or operated in
ė	the vicinity of an operating H.E.L.P. Plasmat <sup>®</sup> Futura.

## 9.2.2 Initial Start-up

Installation and initial start-up of the H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura are performed by service personnel who has been authorized by the manufacturer. Before the initial start-up of the machine, check whether it is complete and undamaged.

!	If damage is found which endangers the safe operation, the machine may not be put into operation. Inform the responsible customer service. Do not switch the machine on until it has reached
	room temperature. Do not operate the machine in an environment where danger of explosion exists.

9.2.3 Service and	Maintenance
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!	Repairs and maintenance may be performed only by personnel authorized and trained by the manufacturer.

## 9.3 TECHNICAL DATA

9.3.1 Technical Data - General				
Machine dimensions	Height: Width:	1330 500	mm mm	
	Weight:	520	mm	
Weight		55	kg	
Electrical connection	Rated voltage	110 – 240	V AC	
	Rated frequency	50/60	Hz	
	FI circuit-breaker	30	mA	
	Class of protection 1, type B, IP			
		tage must be identica fied on the type plate Hz)		
Power input	Rated current:	3.5	A max.	
Classification	Type IIb according to Directive		A max.	
Leakage currents	Ground leakage current:	< 500	μA	
	Patient leakage current:	< 100	μA	
		eakage currents may machines are connec		
Operating conditions	Operating temperature;	+15 ÷ +35	О°	
	Rel. humidity:	30 - 90	%	
	Atmospheric pressure:	700 – 1060	mbar	
Storage conditions	Storage temperature;	- 20 ÷ +55	О°	
5	Rel. humidity:	10 – 90	%	
	Atmospheric pressure:	700 – 1060	mbar	
Potential equalization	Connection according to DIN 4	2801 (EN 60-601/1)		
Interface		RS 485 interface for the connection of an external PC by the		
	technical service or for therapy		or	
	monitoring (option, information on request)			
		PC must comply with (or equivalent stand		
Electromagnetic compatibility	According to EN 40401 1 2 (IE	C 601 1 2)		
Electromagnetic compatibility Housing material	According to EN 60601-1-2 (IE Corrosion-resistant aluminium	001-1-2)		
		)		
	Plastics (polyurethane Baydur	)		



#### 9.3.2 Recommended Safe Distances; Acc. to EN 60601-1-2 - Table 206

## Recommended safe distances between portable or mobile HF telecommunication devices and H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura

The H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura is for the use in ambient conditions with controlled High Frequency disturbance variables. The user can avoid electromagnetic disturbances by keeping the distance between H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura and FH telecommunication devices, following the values in the table below, in dependency to the output power of those devices.

Nominal output power P	Safe distance d depending on transmitter frequency in Meter [m]		
of transmitter in Watt [W]	150 kHz to 80 MHz $d=1, 2\sqrt{P}$	800 MHz to 2,5 GHz $d=2,3\sqrt{P}$	
0,01	0,12	0,12	0,23
0,1	0,37	0,37	0,74
1	1,2	1,2	2,3
10	3,7	3,7	7,4
100	12	12	23

For transmitters with other output power ratings the recommended safe distance d in Meter can be calculated with the above formulas. Heed the max. output power in accordance to the manufacturers information, to use the right formula from above.

REMARK 1: For 80 MHz and 800 MHz use the higher frequency range.

REMARK 2: This guideline may not be practicable in some cases. The propagation of electromagnetic quantity is influenced by absorbtion and reflection of buildings, equipment and humans

Find more informations about EMC, radio disturbance and IEC 60601-1-2:2001 in the service manual or contact the manufacturer.

#### 9.3.3 Technical Data - Components

Definition: Acoustic alarm interval is the time period after which an acknowledged alarm is repeated if the cause of the alarm is still present.

Pressure working ranges are defined for normal haematocrit, blood flow rate 60 – 120 ml/min, and plasma flow rate 20 – 35 ml/min.

For details of the pressure limits, please refer to Annex 2.

9.3.4 Extracorporeal Blood Circ	uit			
Blood pump (BP)	Peristaltic roller pump with motor switch-off when the pump cover is open			
	Delivery rate: 10 ÷ 150	ml/min		
	Delivery rate tolerance: < ± 10			
	Working pressure range: $-140 \div +500$	mmHg		
	Protection system: Pump status and rate is monitored via a rotation detec Alarm override:			
	Not possible during the therapy Acoustic alarm interval: 120	S		
Arterial pressure (PA)	Electronically measured by a pressure sensor and displayed	-		
	Measurement range: - 500 ÷ +500	mmHg		
	Allowed tolerance $\pm$ 10Working range: $-60 \div +10$	mmHg		
	During Therapy: Default alarm limits: -150 ÷ +100 Adjustable in parameter setting	mmHg		
	Protection system: Double channel pressure monitoring with sensor test during preparation phase. Alarm override:			
	Not possible during the therapyAcoustic alarm interval:120	S		
Prefilter pressure (PBE)	Electronically measured by a pressure sensor and displayed	-		
	Measurement range: - 500 ÷ +500	mmHg		
	Allowed tolerance ± 10	mmHg		
	Working range: +90 ÷ +140	mmHg		
	During Therapy: Alarm limits: -140 ÷ +250	mmHg		
	Default alarm window: Automatic control	0		
	Lower limit: Reference value - 40 Upper limit: Reference value + 80	mmHg mmHg		
	Protection system: Sensor test during preparation phase. Alarm override:			
Not possible during the therapy				
	Acoustic alarm interval: 120	S		

Venous pressure (PV)	Electronically measured by a pressure sensor and digitally displayed			
	Measurement range: $-500 \div +500$ mmHgAllowed tolerance $\pm 10$ mmHgWorking range: $+20 \div +50$ mmHg			
	During Therapy: Alarm limits: -10 ÷ +250 mmHg Default alarm window: Automatic control Lower limit: Reference value - 20 mmHg Upper limit: Reference value + 40 mmHg			
	Adjustable in parameter setting The window limiting values are set 10 s after reaching the set Blood Flow. The reference value slowly follows the systematic pressure variation.			
	<ul> <li>Protection system: Double channel pressure monitoring with sensor test during preparation phase.</li> <li>Alarm override: The absolute alarm limits cannot be overridden. The alarm window can be overridden during Blood Flow change/stop, Therapy start or PV level regulation till the re-stabilization of PV pressure (10 s).</li> </ul>			
Safety air detector (SAD)	Acoustic alarm interval: 120 s Ultrasonic sensor on the venous line below the venous air chamber			
Safety air clamp (SAK)	Sensitivity:       0.1 ml air bolus or 2.0 ml air*         *Calculated integral volume of any air in the form of micro-bubbles, micro-foam or the dropping of the air level in the venous line below the sensor. It is decreased continuously by a natural air removal rate.         Protection system:       Double channel air monitoring with sensor test during preparation phase and automatic, cyclic test during therapy.         Alarm override:       The alarm cannot be overridden during the therapy.         Acoustic alarm interval:       120 s         Electromagnetic clamp behind the safety air detector to close the venous return line			
	It is closed in case of a blood side alarm (e.g. by air detection). Protection system: Double channel activation with actuator test during preparation phase.			

Heparin pump (HP)	Syringe pump (calibrated to P	Syringe pump (calibrated to Perfusor syringe 30 ml Omnifix®)		
	Delivery rate: Delivery rate variation: Working pressure range: Protection system:	Delivery rate variation:< ±10%Working pressure range:0 ÷ +250 mmHgProtection system:		
	Alarm override:	Pump status and rate is monitored via a rotation detector. Alarm override: Not possible during the therapy		

9.3.5	Plasma	Circuit
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Plasma/buffer pump (PBP) (marked yellow)	Peristaltic roller pump with motor switch-off when the pump cover is open		
	Delivery rate: Delivery rate variation: Working pressure range:	2 ÷ 50 < 10 -100 ÷ +450	ml/min % mmHg
	Protection system: Pump status and rate is r Alarm override: Not possible during the t	herapy	ion detector.
Plasma pressure (PPL)	Acoustic alarm interval: Electronically measured by a p displayed	120 ressure sensor and di	s igitally
	Measurement range: Allowed tolerance Working range:	- 500 ÷ +500 ± 10 +20 ÷ +50	mmHg mmHg mmHg
	During Therapy: Default alarm limits: Lower limit adjustable in	-10 ÷ +200 parameter setting	mmHg
	Protection system: Sensor test during prepar Alarm override: Not possible during the t	·	
Blood leak detector (BLD)	Acoustic alarm interval: Photometrical red detector on filter outlet	120	s ose to plasma
	Sensitivity: (For detecting 0.5 ml of l Avoid direct light expos		% uid)
	Reaction time:	approx. 20	S
	<ul> <li>Protection system:</li> <li>Automatic calibration and self-test during prepara phase and cyclic self-test during therapy.</li> <li>Possibility of repeating the calibration/self-test at during therapy.</li> <li>Alarm override:</li> <li>Possibility for alarm overriding during therapy whe self-test/calibration failed three times. The therapy continued with monitoring by the user.</li> <li>A periodically occurring warning is maintained.</li> </ul>		
	Acoustic alarm interval:	120	S

Precipitate filter pressure (PPF)	Electronically measured by a pressure sensor and digitally		
	displayed		
	Measurement range: - 500 ÷ +500 mmHg		
	Allowed tolerance ± 10 mmHg		
	Working range: +150 ÷ +300 mmHg		
	During Therapy:		
	Default alarm limits: -20 ÷ +450 mmHg		
	Lower limit adjustable in parameter setting		
	Protection system:		
	Sensor test during preparation phase.		
	Alarm override:		
	Not possible during the therapy Acoustic alarm interval: 120 s		
Dialyzor prossure (DDE)	Acoustic alarm interval:     120     s       Electronically measured by a pressure sensor and digitally		
Dialyzer pressure (PDF)	displayed		
	uspidyeu		
	Measurement range: - 500 ÷ +500 mmHg		
	Allowed tolerance ± 10 mmHg		
	Working range: +120 ÷ +270 mmHg		
	During Therapy:		
	Default alarm limits: -50 ÷ +350 mmHg		
	Adjustable in parameter setting		
	Protection system:		
	Sensor test during preparation phase.		
	Alarm override:		
	Not possible during the therapy		
	Acoustic alarm interval: 120 s		
Reinfusion pump (PRP)	Peristaltic roller pump with motor switch-off when the pump		
marked green	cover is open		
	Delivery rate: 1 ÷ 60 ml/min		
	Controlled by patient balance feedback control system		
	(based on weight measurement by load cell).		
Allowed tolerance: < 10			
	Working pressure range: -100 ÷ +450 mmHg		
	Protection system:		
	Pump status and rate is monitored via a rotation detector.		
	Alarm override:		
	Not possible during the therapy		
	Acoustic alarm interval: 120 s		

9.3.6 Dialysing Circuit				
Dialysate pump (DP)	Peristaltic roller pump with motor switch-off when the p cover is open			
	Delivery rate: Delivery rate tolerance: Working pressure range:	10 ÷ 200 < ± 10	ml/min %	
	Working pressure range:	-140 ÷ +500	mmHg	
	Protection system: Pump status and rate is monitored via a rotation of Alarm override:			
	Not possible during the			
	Acoustic alarm interval: Electronically measured by a	120	S	
Dialysate inlet pressure (PDI)	Electronically measured by a displayed	pressure sensor and d	igitally	
	Measurement range:	- 500 ÷ +500	mmHg	
	Allowed tolerance	± 10	mmHg	
	Working range:	+60 ÷ +80	mmHg	
	During Therapy:	50 450		
	Alarm limits:	-50 ÷ +450	mmHg	
	Protection system:			
	Sensor test during prepa	aration phase.		
	Alarm override:			
	Not possible during the Acoustic alarm interval:	therapy 120	S	
Air detector (DAD)	Ultrasonic sensor on the dialysate line behind the dialysate pump			
	Sensitivity:	Air for 8	00 ms	
	Protection system: Sensor test during preparation phase.			
	Alarm override: 40 s after a		fter alarm	
	Acoustic alarm interval:	120	S	



Plate warmer (H)		Fluid warming system with temperature sensors based on hear transfer between temperature controlled metal plate and plase dialysate bag		
	Temperature range:	34.0 ÷ 40.0 °C		
	Default in therapy:	39.0 °C		
	Allowed variation:	0.5 °C		
	Upper alarm limit:	41.5°C for 10 seconds.		
	Protection system:			
	Double channel tempe during preparation ph	erature monitoring with sensor test ase.		
	Alarm override:	Alarm override:		
	Not possible during th	ne therapy		
	Acoustic alarm interval:	120 s		

## 9.3.7 Weight System

Load cell	Loading capacity:	30	kg	
	Weight resolution:	1	g	
	Linearity:	0.015	%	
	Working range:	0.00 ÷ 25.00	kg	
	Overload protection:	Electrically at 24.5	kg	
	•	Viechanically at 26.0	kġ	
	Weight change alarm:	<b>y</b>	0	
	Weight deviation < 5	0 g: no alarm		
	Weight deviation 50-	tion 50÷200 g: alarm after 5 seconds		
	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	deviation has r	not been	
		corrected		
	Weight deviation > 2	:00 g: immediate alar	m	
	Protection system:			
	5	Sensor test during preparation phase and electric current through load cell bridge monitoring during therapy.		
	Alarm override:	5 5 5	15	
	Not possible during t	Not possible during the therapy.		
	Acoustic alarm interval:	120 s		

Patient balance		Patient balance feedback control system based on weight measurement by the load cell controlling the reinfusion pu (marked green).			
	Patient balance range:	- 600 ÷ 0	g		
	Allowed tolerance	± 50	g		
	Working range:	± 50 - 600 ÷ 0	g g		
	During Therapy:	During Therapy:			
	Alarm limits: ± 200 Patient balance (calculated by the softwar change) is compared continuously to the n theoretical value.		0		
	Protection system:				
	Double channel patient test during preparation	Double channel patient balance monitoring with sens test during preparation phase. Alarm override: Alarm limit can be increased by 100 g by alarm acknowledge, but reaching the alarm limit ± 400 g override is not possible anymore.			
	Alarm override:				
	acknowledge, but reach				
	Acoustic alarm interval:	120	S		

## 9.3.8 Estimation of Required Number of Dialysate Bags

Based on both the ratio dialysate/plasma and the required plasma volume, the following table shows an estimation of the required number of dialysate bags.

	Ratio Dialysate/Plasma									
Plasma Volume	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
3000	3	4	5	6	6	7	8	9	9	
3500	4	5	6	6	7	8	9	10	11	
4000	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
4500	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
5000	5	7	8	9	10	11	12	14	15	
5500	6	7	8	10	11	12	13	15	16	
6000	6	8	9	10	12	13	15	16	17	

#### 9.4. WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

#### 9.4.1 Manufacturer Responsibility

The manufacturer, installation company and checkout or instructor personnel consider themselves responsible for the effects on safety, reliability and performance of the machine only when installation, extensions, new settings, changes or repairs were performed by persons authorized by them, and the electrical installation of the room involved complies with the requirements of VDE 0100/VDE 010/IEC stipulations and the machine is used in accordance with the Operating Manual.

#### 9.4.2 Liability and Warranty

For the H.E.L.P. Plasmat<sup>®</sup> Futura, B. Braun Avitum AG grants 12 months guarantee as from the initial installation.

The guarantee comprises the repair or the replacement of defective parts, providing they have design, production or material defects.

The guarantee becomes void when the owner or third parties have performed modifications or repairs on the machine.

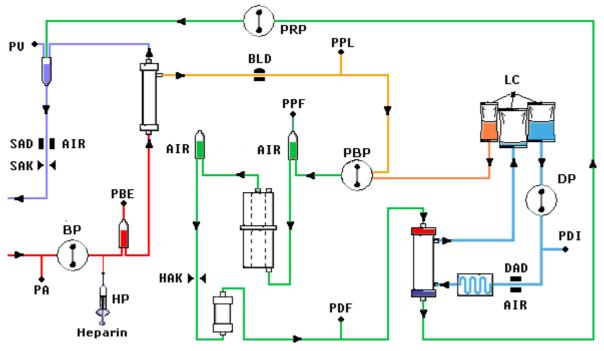
Excluded from the guarantee is the correction of faults which are due to incorrect handling, improper treatment and normal wear.

# ANNEX 1 - CONSUMABLES

	List of Articles
Article Number 7210925	Article H.E.L.P. Futura set
	Single parts of the H.E.L.P. Futura set art. no. 7210925
7210980 7210981 7210982 7210983 7210984 7210985 7210927 7210928 7210928 7210930 7210930 7210931 7210931 7210932 7061007C 7210933	Venous line Plasma/buffer line Filtrate line Connection line Dialysate drainage line Venting line Arterial line Dialysate line Empty bag for dialysate Empty bag for rinse solution H.E.L.P. precipitate filter H.E.L.P. ultrafilter SMC 1,8 Haemoselect L 0.5 plasma filter H.E.L.P. heparin adsorber
4107 4115	3000 ml H.E.L.P. 0.9% NaCl sodium chloride solution (2 bags/treatment) 1500/500 ml H.E.L.P. 0.9% NaCl sodium chloride
4113 4109	solution in double-chamber bag (1 bag/treatment) 3000 ml H.E.L.P. acetate buffer (1 bag/treatment) 5000 ml H.E.L.P. BicEl bicarbonate solution
4103	(3 bags/treatment) 1500/500 ml H.E.L.P. 0.9% NaCl sodium chloride solution (1 bag/treatment)
7061188	1 x 30 ml H.E.L.P. heparin sodium (300.000 IU)
	Accessories
7210934 7210935	Empty bag connection line Transducer protector (protector for PA, PBE, PDI, PPF, PV transducer)
4617304F	30 ml Omnifix <sup>®</sup> Luer Lock syringe

# ANNEX 2 – EXPLANATION OF PRESSURES

**Relevant Pressures** 



PA Arterial pressure PA

#### PBE Arterial prefilter pressure

After the blood pump is started and adapted and the automatic level adjustment of the arterial air chamber is activated, the lower and upper PBE limits are set within ten seconds in the therapy and reinfusion phase. The momentary acquired pressure (PBE Ref) serves as reference for the calculation of the alarm window.

Lower limit: PBE min = (PBE Ref – 40) mmHg Upper limit: PBE max = (PBE Ref + 80) mmHg

The lower limit PBE min can be a minimum of -100 mmHg. The upper limit PBE max can be a maximum of +250 mmHg.

TMP Transmembrane pressure

The TMP is calculated as follows:

TMP = (PBE+PV) / 2 - PPL

The alarm limits can be set in 10 mmHg steps between 20 and 200 mmHg. The default setting is 100 mmHg.

- PPL Plasma pressure
- PPF Precipitate filter pressure
- PDPA Precipitate filter/adsorber pressure drop

The PDPA is calculated as follows:

PDPA = PPF - PDF

PDF Dialyzer pressure

- PDI Dialysate inlet pressure
- PV Venous pressure

During therapy and reinfusion phase, 10 sec after start of blood pump or plasma pump, and after change of the blood flow, or after the manual level regulation of the venous or PBE chamber, respectively, the lower and upper PV limits are automatically adjusted. The momentary acquired venous pressure (PV Ref) serves as mean value for the calculation of the alarm window.

Lower limit:

PV min = (PV Ref – MinW) mml	Hg when PV Ref > MinW
PV min = 0 mmHg	when $5 \le PV \text{ Ref} \le MinW$
PV min = -10 mmHg	when PV Ref $< 5$
MinW = Minimum PV window	(default value = 20 mmHg)

Upper limit:

PV max = (PV Ref + MaxW) mmHg MaxW = Maximum PV window (default value = 40 mmHg)



### Pressure Limits

The following table shows the limiting value ranges of the pressures depending on the current phase of the system.

Pressure	Priming	The	rapy BP RUI	N	Thera	py BP S	ТОР	Reint	fusion BP RI	UN	Reinfus	sion BP	STOP
(mmHg)	Def	Def / Auto	Min	Max	Def	Min	Max	Def / Auto	Min	Max	Def	Min	Max
PA min	-150	-150	-350	80	-150	-350	80	-150	-350	80	-150	-350	80
PA max	190	100	0	200	200	-	-	100	0	200	200	-	-
PBE min (2)	-450	PBE ref-40	-100	210	-100	-	-	PBE ref-40 (plasma reinf.) PBE ref-60 (blood reinf.)	-100	210	-100	-	-
PBE max (2)	250	PBE ref+80	-20	250	250	-	-	PBE ref+80	-20	250	250	-	-
PV min (3)	-450	PV ref - MinW	-10/0	250 - MinW	-20	-	-	-20	-	-	-20	-	-
PV max (3)	250	PV ref + MaxW	PVmin + MaxW	250	250	-	-	PV ref + MaxW	PVmin + MaxW	250	250	-	-

Pressure (mmHg)	Priming	Therap	y fluid side	RUN		oy fluid STOP	side	Reinfusi	on fluid side	e RUN	Reinf. fl	uid side	e STOP
	Def	Def	Min	Max	Def	Min	Max	Def	Min	Max	Def	Min	Max
TMP max	200	100	20	200	100	20	200	150	20	200	150	20	200
PPL min	-20	-10	-20	10	-100	-	-	-100	-	-	-100	-	-
PPL max	450	200	-	-	200	-	-	200	-	-	200	-	-
PPF min	-50	-20	-50	50	-250	-	-	-20	-50	50	-250	-	-
PPF max	450	450	-	-	450	-	-	450	-	-	450	-	-
PDF min	-50	-50	-50	0	-50	-	-	-50	-50	0	-50	-	-
PDF max	400	350	10	450	450	-	-	400	10	450	450	-	-
PDPA max	450	150	50	350	450	-	-	350	50	450	450	-	-
(1)		450	-	-				450	-	-			
PDI min	-450	-50	-	-	-100	-	-	-100	-	-	-100	-	-
PDI max	450	450	-	-	450	-	-	450	-	-	450	-	-

Def = Default value of a parameter settable by user.

Min = Minimum settable value or possible value.

Max = Maximum settable value or possible value.

Auto = Limit is calculated by software and is not settable by user.

BP = Blood pump.

(1) PDPA max: 450 mmHg is the limit in the first 20 sec after fluid side pumps start running.

(2) PBE min, max: for more details see above

(3) PV min, max: for more details see above



# ANNEX 3 - LIMITS



## Limits of Adjustable Parameters

Parameter	Default	min	max	Step Sequence	Unit
Blood flow	40	10	150	5	ml/min
Plasma flow	20	10	40	1	% blood flow
Plasma reinfusion volume	400	400	1000	50	ml
Blood reinfusion volume	300	100	600	50	ml
Return flow	30	10	50	5	ml/min
Ratio Dialysate/Plasma	4	4	12	1	
Rinsing volume	2400	2400	20000	100	ml
Plasma volume	3000	100	6000	50	ml
Patient Balance	0	-600	0	50	g
Temperature	39	34	40	0,5	°C
Heparin flow	2,0	0,0	10,0	0.5	ml/h
Heparin bolus	1,0	0	10	0,5	ml
Autostop heparin	0	0	60	5	min
PA min	-150	-350	80	10	mmHg
PA max	100	0	200	10	mmHg
Minimum PV window	20	10	40	5	mmHg
Maximum PV window	40	20	100	5	mmHg
PPL min	-10	-20	10	1	mmHg
PPL threshold	20	-20 (1)	120	5	mmHg
TMP max	100	20	200	10	mmHg
PPF min	-20	-50	50	5	mmHg
PDF min	-50	-50	0	5	mmHg
PDF max	350	10	450	10	mmHg
PDPA max	150	50	350	10	mmHg

(1) Default PPL threshold (min): -10 mmHg

# ANNEX 4 - SELF-TESTS

After the machine is switched on, the system initiates a series of hardware self-tests. For these tests, no disposable material (solution bags, lines) must be installed on the machine.

Numeric Test

This test displays the numeric strings (0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9) in the three different fonts which the machine has available. The user has to check whether the sequence is correct.

If one of the self-tests fails, a relevant warning is displayed. In this case, ensure that the machine is in the initial state. Then another self-test can be performed after correction of the cause of the error by selecting the

<Retest> menu item in the menu bar and pressing the  $\checkmark$  key.

When the hardware tests and the numeric test have been successfully completed, the Start screen is displayed

by selecting the <End> menu item in the menu bar and confirming with the  $\checkmark$  key

LED Test

During the execution of self-tests, the hardware performs self-tests of the LEDs by switching them on intermittently:

- key
- key
- stop key.

The user must make sure that all LEDs operate correctly.

#### TO tests

The TO tests are performed continuously and periodically over the complete operating period of the machine.

#### Static T1 tests

The static T1 tests are performed after the machine is switched on. The therapy can be started only when all T1 tests were performed without error.

Dynamic T1 tests

Dynamic T1 tests are performed during the priming and rinsing phase to ensure the correct installation of the lines.

The system performs various dynamic self-tests during the priming and rinsing phase to ensure the functionality of the following units:

- Load cell
- Blood leak detector (BLD)
- Dialysate air detector (DAD)
- Venous air detector (SAD)
- Arterial pressure (PA)
- Plasma prefilter pressure (PBE) and venous pressure sensors (PV)
- Pumps
- Heating
- The temperatures of the dialysate measured by the controller and the supervisor, respectively, are compared.



Various self-tests are performed during the entire therapy in periodic intervals for the safety of the patient. The following parameters are monitored:

- Fluid weight on the load cell ٠
- Blood leak detector (BLD) •
- Safety air detector (SAD) •

Proceed as follows in the case of a failed test:

1. Suppress the acoustic alarm with the key



- 2. Follow the instructions on the monitor and determine which test failed.
- 3. Determine and correct the displayed cause, if possible.
- 4. Repeat the test by again pressing the key.

	Test	Time [seconds]	Alarm Code
--	------	-------------------	---------------

TO Tests by the Controller		
<i>Proper Supervisor operation</i> Periodical life signal is received from Supervisor.	3 s	A99
<i>Functional states of controller and supervisor are identical</i> Verification whether the controller and the supervisor have the same working state.	5 s	A02
Arterial pressures of controller and supervisor are identical The arterial pressures (PA) of the controller and the supervisor may deviate by a maximum of ± 30 mmHg (in priming and rinsing only).	30 s	A03
Venous pressures of controller and supervisor are identical The venous pressures (PV) of the controller and the supervisor may deviate by a maximum of $\pm$ 30 mmHg (in priming and rinsing only).	30 s	A04
Weight values of controller and supervisor are identical The weights determined by the controller and the supervisor on the load cell may deviate by a maximum of $\pm$ 250 g (in priming and rinsing only and if plasma side is running).	30 s	A05
<i>Temperatures of controller and supervisor are identical</i> The temperatures determined by the controller and the supervisor may deviate by a maximum of 2.5 °C (in priming and rinsing only).	180 s	A06
<i>BLD self-test</i> This test is performed every 5 min during the therapy and reinfusion phase.	5 min	A07



SAD self-test	1.5 s	A08
The first test verifies whether the sensor detects an air signal. The second test performs a comparison between the voltage threshold and the calibration value. This test is performed every 1.5 s (=time required by an air bubble at maximum blood flow to reach the venous cannula) during priming and rinsing as well as during the therapy and reinfusion phases.		
Load cell self-test The load cell is tested every 3 s.	5 s	A09
<i>Running internal communication</i> Correct periodical communication is performed with the User Interface.	4 s	A10

TO Tests by the Supervisor		
SAD clock test	0 s	A80
Time control of the SAD is checked.		
SAD test	2 s	A90
No or too many SAD tests are executed by the Controller or fluid is detected during test.		
SAD reference test	1 s	A94
Reference voltage of SAD is tested to be within limit.		
Running internal communication		A99
Correct periodical communication is performed with the User Interface and	6 s	
periodical life signal is received from Controller.	3 s	

Static T1 Tests by th	ne Controller		
ROM-RAM		Self-test	
The ROMs and RAMs of			
Collibration data		Self-test	
Calibration data	Sell-lest		
The calibration data of	the controller are verified with a CRC test.		
Sensor ZERO test		Self-test	A13-
The controller analyses	the following target values:		A20
Arterial pressure	[within +/- 20 mmHg]		
Prefilter pressure	[within +/- 20 mmHg]		
Venous pressure	[within +/- 20 mmHg]		
Weight	[below 50 g]		
• SAD	in air detection		
PCLD	in air detection		
HCLD	in air detection		
• DAD	in air detection		
	the dialysate air detector (DAD), the sensor for the level		
<b>š</b> .	pitate air chamber (PCLD) and the sensor for the level		
monitoring of the hepa	rin adsorber air chamber (HCLD) detect an air signal.		

Supervisor 24 V relay	Self-test	A21
The controller checks whether the supervisor can stop all pumps by means of the		
24 V relay.		
• Controller activates the blood pump with a flow rate of 100 ml/min for 5 s.		
The supervisor opens the 24 V relay.		
The test passes when the controller detects that the blood pump is stopped.		
Supervisor heating relay	Self-test	A22
The controller checks whether the supervisor initiates the switching off of the		
heating via the heating relay.		
The supervisor opens the heating relay.		
• The controller activates the heater to the maximum temperature for 20 s.		
The test passes when the temperature deviation is less than 1.0 °C.		
Controller alarm tone buzzer	Self-test	
The test includes the successive activation of all four alarm tones.		
Power failure buzzer		
Long alarm tone		
The control system initiates the alarm situation of a mains failure for 2 s.		
Controller alarm buzzer		
Continuous alarm tone		
The control system initiates the buzzer for 2 s.		
Supervisor alarm buzzer		
Continuous alarm tone		
The supervisor system activates the buzzer for 2 s.		
Warning buzzer		
Three alarm tones in successive short intervals.		
The monitor system activates the warning buzzer for 2 s. No danger exists for		
the patient.		
The user is responsible for checking whether the buzzers function correctly.		

Static T1 Tests by t	he Supervisor		
ROM-RAM		Self-test	
The ROMs and RAMs	of the supervisor are verified with a CRC test.		
Calibration data		Self-test	
The calibration data o	f the supervisor are verified with a CRC test.		
Sensor ZERO test		Self-test	A95-
The supervisor analyses the following set values:			A98
Arterial pressure	[within +/- 20 mmHg]		
• Venous pressure	[within +/- 20 mmHg]		
<ul> <li>Weight</li> </ul>	[below 100 g]		
• SAD	in air detection		
Heparin pump test		Self-test	A93
The supervisor initiate	s a heparin bolus and checks the uniform delivery rate of		
the pump by means of	f a light barrier.		
The piston guide s	hould be engaged in the middle position!		

Supervisor alarm tone buzzer	Self-test	
The test includes the successive activation of all four alarm tones.		
Supervisor alarm buzzer		
Continuous alarm tone		
The supervisor system activates the buzzer for 2 s.		
The user is responsible for checking whether the buzzers function correctly.		

Dynamic T1 Tests by the Controller		1
Weight deviation by the plasma/buffer pump Verification after activation of step 4 of the priming and rinsing phase whether the weight increase on the load cell corresponds to the delivery rate of the plasma/buffer pump (65 ml/min). For a duration of 30 s, the weight increase must be higher than 20 g and less than 40 g, otherwise alarm A26 will be initiated and the test sequence has to be repeated	Step 4 Priming and rinsing	A26
HAK leakage test Verification in step 6 of the filling and rinsing phase whether the HAK can be closed and the plasma line is inserted properly into HAK. For a duration of 10 s pressure increasing of PDPA must be > 60mmHg with a running Plasma pump (30 ml/min) and closed HAK, otherwise alarm A33 will be initiated. Before the test or before repeating the test the PPF pressure is reduced to below 150 mmHg automatically (if necessary).	Step 6 Priming and rinsing	A33
DAD Test Verification at the beginning of step 9 of the filling and rinsing phase whether fluid is recognized at the beginning of dialysate line filling and DAD sensor works properly. The sensor must detect fluid within 20 s after the start of the filling process of the dialysate line running with 200 ml/min flow, otherwise alarm A28 will be initiated.	Step 9 Filling and rinsing	A28
Weight deviation by the dialysate pump After a successful DAD test, verification in step 9 of the filling and rinsing phase whether the weight decrease on the load cell corresponds to the delivery rate of the dialysate pump (100 ml/min). For a duration of 20 s the weight decrease must be higher than 20 g and less than 46 g, otherwise alarm A27 will be initiated and the test is performed once again. Afterwards the filling and rinsing phase continues.	Step 9 Filling and rinsing	A27

Blood-side pressure build-up test	Step 9	A29
<ul> <li>Blood-side pressure holding test</li> <li>Venous pressure holding test</li> <li>Safety Air Clamp (SAK) test</li> <li>The following leakage tests are performed in step 9 of the filling and rinsing phase:</li> <li>SAK is closed by the Supervisor while the blood pump is operating.</li> <li>Within 30 s, the venous pressure must reach 200 mmHg, otherwise alarm A29 will be initiated.</li> <li>When the venous pressure reaches 200 mmHg, the blood pump is stopped for 5 s and SAK is closed by the Controller.</li> <li>Then Supervisor opens the SAK (however, SAK is still closed by the Controller).</li> <li>The venous pressure loss must not be higher than 30 mmHg during the 5 sec period while the blood pump is stopped, otherwise alarm A30 will be initiated.</li> <li>At the same time, the absolute difference value between the venous pressure PV and the prefilter pressure PBE is determined which may not be higher than 20 mmHg, otherwise alarm A31 will be initiated.</li> </ul>	Filling and rinsing	A30 A31
Heating function test Verification in step 9 of the filling and rinsing phase whether a correct temperature rise of the dialysate by the heating is performed. The heating is switched on with a set temperature 43.5 °C. Test is successful if the temperature of the heater plate reaches 41.5 °C measured by the Controller and 42.0 °C measured by the Supervisor within 100 sec. Otherwise alarm A32 will be initiated. If the temperature reaches 45.0 °C, alarm A67 is activated.	Step 9 Filling and rinsing	A32 A67
Check correct insertion reinfusion line Verification in step 9 of the filling and rinsing phase whether the reinfusion line is mounted correctly. Test is successful if PDF variation during pressurization test is < +/-20 mmHg, otherwise alarm A25 will be initiated.	Step 9 Filling and rinsing	A25